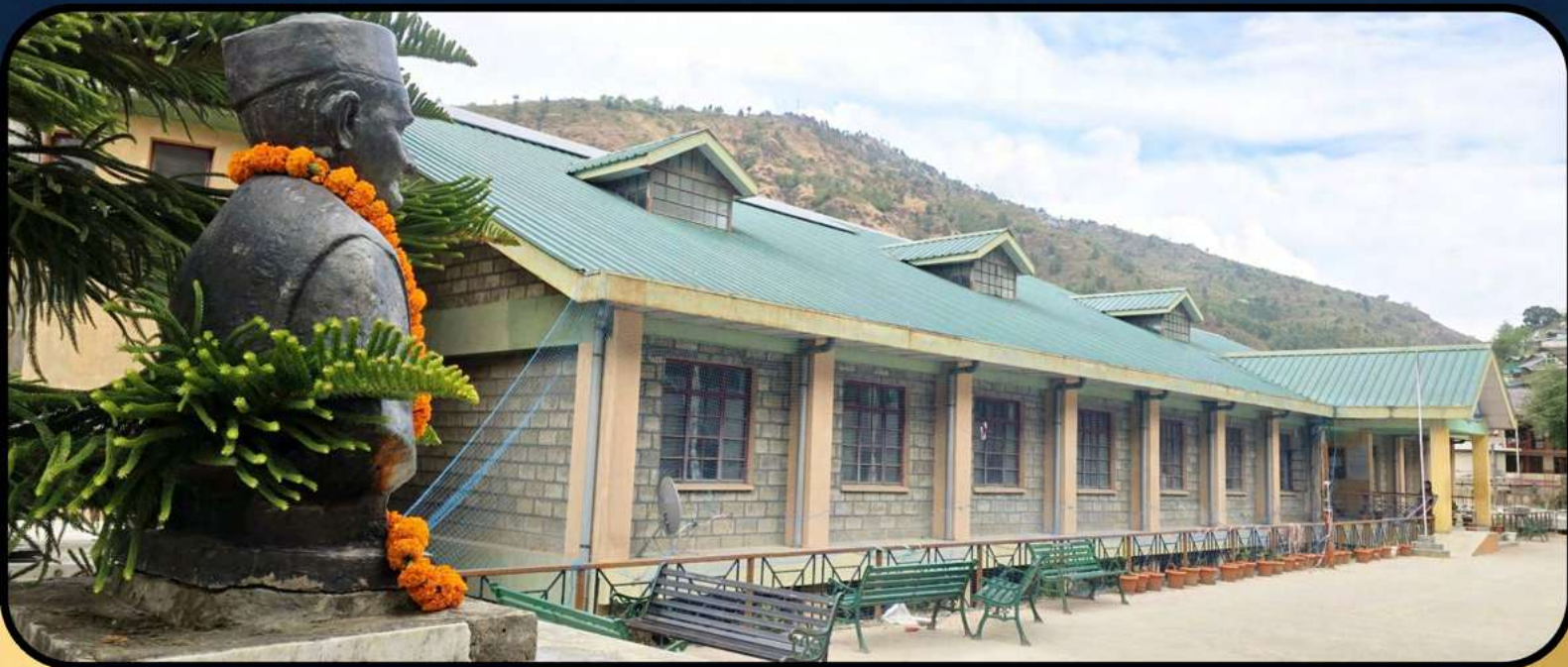




HATKESHWARI

2025-26

EDITION: 37



**Lal Bahadur Shastri Government College
Saraswati Nagar (Shimla)**

Principal with Teaching Staff



Principal with Non-Teaching Staff



From The Principal's Desk



Just as flowers bloom quietly in the hills, the creativity of our students blossoms with grace and finds its way into these pages. With great pride and delight, I present the latest edition of our College Magazine *Hatkeshwari* a magazine that captures the intellectual vitality, cultural richness and dynamic spirit of our institution.

Our institution remains steadfast in its commitment to providing holistic quality education to the students in this geographically challenging mountainous terrain - a region with limited accessibility but immense potential. As a testament to our resolve to scale new heights of excellence and distinction, our institution has successfully transformed its traditional library into a digital one. This remarkable transformation symbolizes our journey from pages to pixels, providing our students with seamless access to a vast world of information.

It gives me immense pride and joy to share that we have achieved a significant milestone with the formal handover of the College Ground to the institution. It opens up a wide horizon of opportunities not only for our students to nurture their talents in sports, but also for the larger Community, as the grounds is accessible to the general public under specified terms and conditions.. Yet another feather has been added to our cap with the approval of 25 Hotel seats in TRL GSS Sports Hotel, Jubbal aimed at providing accommodation for our girl students actively participating in sports such as Kabaddi, volleyball and Badminton. This significant development reflects our continued commitment to promoting sports and empowering our students.

The achievements of our students continue to make us immensely proud, as they remain second to none. From academics to sports and cultural pursuits, they have consistently brought laurels to the institution. We take pride in their participation in prestigious events such as the Republic Day Parade, World Youth Parliament Aahtalakshmi Darshan- Youth Exchange Programme along with their representation at the National Jamboree. It is indeed a matter of honour that one of our students has been selected for the International Jamboree to be held in Denmark.

Adding to these accomplishments, our students have excelled in cultural arenas as well, securing the second prize in Ghazal, Folk Song, and the third prize in Folk Orchestra at the HPU Youth Festival. These achievements stand as a testament to our unwavering commitment to nurturing talent and fostering resilience, among our students.

Aligned with our steadfast commitment to expanding career opportunities for our students, it is a matter of immense pride that several students from our various institutions have been selected for various prestigious initiatives and jobs. Notably, the Department of B.Voc has achieved 100% placement, a remarkable accomplishment that reflects our sustained focus on employability and excellence.

In a significant stride towards strengthening academic and industry linkages, our institution has, for the first time, established collaboration with various reputed firms, and educational institutions through MOUs. A total of 13 MOUs have been signed, marking a milestone in our efforts to integrate academic excellence with practical exposure thereby equipping our students to thrive in an increasingly dynamic and competitive world.

Behind every milestone we celebrate and every achievement we cherish stands the unwavering dedication of our teachers. I take this opportunity to express my heartfelt appreciation as to our faculty members, whose passion, perseverance and tireless efforts continue to nurture talent, instill values, and uphold the highest standards of academic and co-curricular excellence. I extend my heartfelt appreciation to the editorial team. Their ability to weave together diverse expressions into a harmonious whole deserves the highest appreciation.

I sincerely appreciate the efforts of the students whose articles have added vibrant colours to this publication, making it a rich tapestry of imagination and insight. As you turn these pages, I hope you will find inspiration, knowledge and joy. May this magazine encourage our students to continue striving for excellence and to keep the flame of curiosity alive. My heartfelt best wishes to all for a future filled with success, purpose and continued excellence.

Dr. Poonam Mehta
Principal

संपादकीय



प्रिय पाठकवृंद,

महाविद्यालय की वार्षिक पत्रिका 'हाटकेश्वरी' के 37वें अंक को आपके कर-कमलों में अर्पित करते हुए मुझे अपार प्रसन्नता, गर्व एवं आत्मतोष की अनुभूति हो रही है। यह पत्रिका केवल शब्दों का संकलन नहीं, बल्कि हमारे महाविद्यालय के शैक्षिक उत्कर्ष, सांस्कृतिक समृद्धि एवं रचनात्मक ऊर्जा का सजीव दर्पण है।

हमारा महाविद्यालय ज्ञान के संवहन के साथ-साथ व्यक्तित्व के समग्र विकास, नैतिक मूल्यों के संवर्धन, सांस्कृतिक चेतना के जागरण एवं सामाजिक उत्तरदायित्व के निर्वहन हेतु निरंतर प्रयासरत है। बीते वर्ष में आयोजित विविध कार्यक्रम जैसे शैक्षणिक संगोष्ठियां, खेलकूद प्रतियोगिताएं, सांस्कृतिक उत्सव एवं समाजोपयोगी गतिविधियां हमारे विद्यार्थियों की प्रतिभा, अनुशासन एवं समर्पण का उत्कृष्ट उदाहरण प्रस्तुत करती हैं। इन उपलब्धियों ने न केवल संस्थान की प्रतिष्ठा को सुदृढ़ किया है, बल्कि हम सभी को नवीन संकल्पों के साथ आगे बढ़ने की प्रेरणा भी प्रदान की है।

इस अंक में संकलित विद्यार्थियों की रचनाएं उनके सृजनशील मन, व्यापक चिंतन एवं सामाजिक संवेदनशीलता का परिचायक हैं। प्रत्येक लेख, कविता एवं अभिव्यक्ति में एक नवीन दृष्टि और सशक्त विचारधारा परिलक्षित होती है, जो पाठकों को चिंतन एवं मनन के लिए प्रेरित करेगी। साथ ही, यह पत्रिका महाविद्यालय की विविध गतिविधियों, उपलब्धियों एवं नवाचारी प्रयासों का प्रामाणिक दस्तावेज भी है।

इस रचनात्मक प्रयास को सफल बनाने में जिन सभी का योगदान रहा है, उनके प्रति मैं अपनी हार्दिक कृतज्ञता व्यक्त करती हूँ। विशेष रूप से आदरणीय प्राचार्या महोदया डॉ० पूनम मेहता जी का जिनका मार्गदर्शन, प्रेरणा एवं सकारात्मक दृष्टिकोण इस कार्य की आधारशिला रहे हैं। साथ ही आभार प्रकट करती हूँ संपादक मंडल एवं सभी रचनाकार विद्यार्थियों का जिनके अथक परिश्रम, समर्पण एवं सहयोग के बिना इस पत्रिका का यह स्वरूप संभव नहीं हो पाता।

मुझे पूर्ण विश्वास है कि यह अंक पाठकों के लिए ज्ञानवर्धक, प्रेरणास्पद एवं चिंतनोत्तेजक सिद्ध होगा तथा विद्यार्थियों के अंतर्मन में सृजनात्मकता एवं नवचेतना का संचार करेगा।

अंत में, पत्रिका के सफल प्रकाशन के लिए समस्त महाविद्यालय परिवार को हार्दिक बधाई एवं शुभकामनाएं। आइए, हम सभी मिलकर ज्ञान, सृजन और संस्कार की इस गौरवपूर्ण परंपरा को सतत आगे बढ़ाएं तथा 'हाटकेश्वरी' को नई ऊंचाइयों तक पहुंचाने का संकल्प लें।

सादर शुभेच्छा सहित...

डॉ. योगिता बंदटा
मुख्य संपादिका

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Principal with CSCA Members



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Topper BCA IIIYear

Academics

Achievers



Simran Kaith

Simran Kaith, student of our college participated in the Under-21 National Level Volleyball Championship held in Odisha



Anshul Mehta
M.A. IV Semester
Best Athlete (Boy)



Shagun
B.A III year
Best Athlete (Girl)

Sports

Special Achievements



NSS volunteer Shushant Kotvi, represented LBS Govt. College Saraswati Nagar in the Republic Day parade at Rajpath in New Delhi on 26 January 2026.



NSS volunteer Sushant Kotvi, participated in World Youth Parliament, 2026 being organized by the Department of Youth Empowerment & Sports, Government of Karnataka, in collaboration with University of Agricultural Sciences, Gandhi Krishi Vigyana Kendra (GKVK) Campus, Bengaluru, Karnataka, from 24th to 26th March 2026. Along with this, he has also been selected for My Bharat Budget Quest 2026.



One Scout of our college Ishan Sharma attended national jamboree camp at Chhatisgarh and got selected for international jamboree 2026 to be held at Denmark.



Our student Mannat Chauhan, from Department of B.Voc.(Hospitality and Tourism), participated in the Miss Chanchal competition held during State Level Rohru Mela, 2026 and secured the title of First Runner-Up.



Another moment of pride for the college is that Cadet Unique Thakur of our NCC unit has been selected for the National Budget 2026. This remarkable achievement reflects dedication, discipline, and excellence, bringing great honor to the institution.



Our college student, Vishesh from the Music Department, got second position in the Solo Folk category in Youth Festival (Group II) organized by Himachal Pradesh University, Shimla.



Rishabh Ranta, student of Music Department got second position in the light classical (Gazal) category in Youth Festival (Group II) organised by Himachal Pradesh University, Shmla.



Mr. Krish, a student of Music Department who represented our college in the Ashtalakshmi DarshanYouth Exchange Program, was honored by the Honorable Governor of Assam, Shri Lakshman Prasad Acharya, at Lok Bhawan.



Our college got second position in the folk orchestra in inter college Youth Festival (Group II) organised by Himachal Pradesh University, Shimla



An Annual Training Camp (ATC-184) of the National Cadet Corps was successfully conducted at Lal Bahadur Shastri Govt. College Saraswatinagar, from 15 May 2025 to 24 May 2025. The camp was organized by 8 HP Battalion NCC, Rampur Bushahr and was conducted for a duration of 10 days.





“Expressions of Young Minds”

***A collections of insightful and creative articles
by our talented students.***

हिंदी अनुभाग

हाटकेश्वरी पत्रिका
2025-26



छात्र- संपादकीय

संपादिका



डॉ ० योगिता बंद्योपा
सहायक प्राध्यापिका
हिंदी विभाग

बड़े हर्ष का विषय है कि—

महाविद्यालय की वार्षिक पत्रिका प्रकाशित हो रही है। मेरा सौभाग्य है कि इस हाटकेश्वरी पत्रिका के हिंदी अनुभाग के छात्र- सम्पादक का दायित्व मुझे सौंपा गया है।

मैंने इस अनुभाग के लिए लेख, कविताएँ, कहानियाँ एवं अन्य रचनाएँ प्रस्तुत करने हेतु विद्यार्थियों को प्रेरित किया। जिन विद्यार्थियों ने अपने उत्कृष्ट लेखन से इस पत्रिका को समृद्ध बनाया, मैं उनका हृदय से आभार व्यक्त करता हूँ।

यह पत्रिका न केवल विद्यार्थियों की प्रतिभा को उजागर करने का माध्यम है, बल्कि उनके विचारों, भावनाओं और रचनात्मकता को अभिव्यक्ति देने का एक सशक्त मंच भी है।

मैं हिंदी विभाग का विशेष रूप से आभारी हूँ, जिन्होंने मुझ पर विश्वास जताते हुए यह महत्वपूर्ण दायित्व सौंपा। साथ ही, मैं उन सभी शिक्षकों और साथियों का भी धन्यवाद करता हूँ, जिन्होंने इस कार्य को सफल बनाने में अपना अमूल्य सहयोग दिया।

मुझे आशा है कि मेरा यह प्रयास पत्रिका के हिंदी अनुभाग को और अधिक रोचक, प्रेरणादायक तथा समृद्ध बनाने में सहायक सिद्ध होगा।

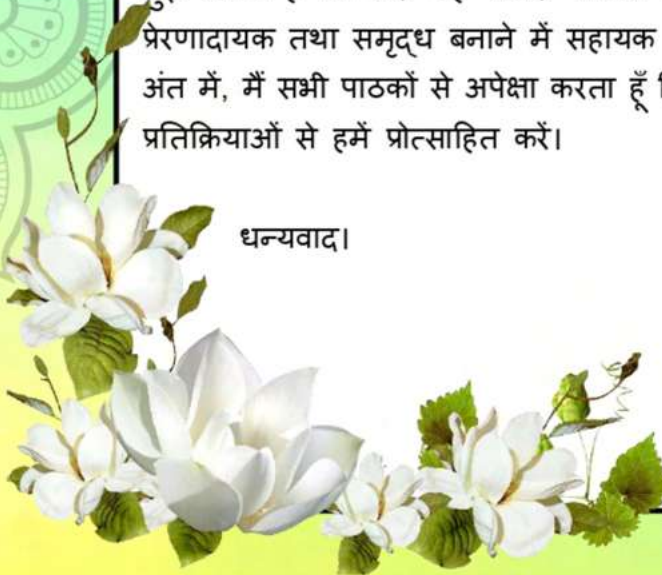
अंत में, मैं सभी पाठकों से अपेक्षा करता हूँ कि वे इस पत्रिका का आनंद लें तथा अपनी प्रतिक्रियाओं से हमें प्रोत्साहित करें।

धन्यवाद।

छात्र संपादक

Atish

निखिल पांचटा



छात्र संपादक



निखिल पांचटा

अनुक्रमणिका

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माँ - बाप

माँ-बाप हैं ईश्वर का रूप,
वही तो हैं धरती पर माँ लक्ष्मी,
भगवान विष्णु का स्वरूप।

मत करो माँ-बाप का किसी से तोल,
वही तो हैं इस धरती पर सबसे अनमोल।

मत भूलो रे माँ-बाप का उपकार,
कभी न भूलना उनके दिए संस्कार।

माँ का आँचल, पिता का प्यार,
उन्हीं से तो है जीवन साकार।

उनके बिना है जिंदगी बेकार,
माँ-बाप हैं इंसान की असली दौलत,
हमारी जिंदगी है उनकी बदौलत।

माँ-बाप हैं ईश्वर का अनमोल वरदान,
उनके कारण ही मिली है ये सुंदर जीवन-प्रदान।

बच्चों की सफलता के पीछे होता है माँ-बाप का हाथ,
कामयाब होकर कभी न छोड़ना उनका साथ।

कभी न करना माँ-बाप को हताश,
कभी न करना उनको निराश।

माँ-बाप होते हैं सबसे कीमती,
बच्चों से न करना उन्हें कभी दूर—
यही है ईश्वर से मेरी विनती।



हार मानना मना हैं

हार मानना मना है
रुकना नहीं तूफानों से डरकर,
चलना ही होगा हर हाल में।
जो गिरकर फिर से उठ जाता है,
वहीं रचता इतिहास है।

काँटे होंगे हर एक राह में,
पर फूल भी तो खिलते हैं।
जो मेहनत करता है,
उसके ही तो सपने सच होते हैं।

रात चाहे जितनी अंधेरी हो,
सूरज को तो आना ही है।
आज नहीं तो कल,
अपने सपनों को पाना ही है।



अमिता शर्मा
कला स्नातक द्वितीय वर्ष

खुद पर रख विश्वास,
कदमों को पीछे मोड़ मत।
हार मानना मना है जिंदगी में,
तुझे आगे बढ़ते रहना है।



तू कर सकता है

तू कर सकता है

मत पूछ हालात कितने कठिन हैं,
मत गिन अँधेरे की गहराई।

जिस दिन तूने ठान लिया मन से,
उसी दिन से बदलेगी तेरी कहानी।



छोटे-छोटे कदम भी चलते-चलते,
मंज़िल तक ले जाते हैं।
रोज़ थोड़ा आगे बढ़कर ही,
सपने पूरे हो पाते हैं।

जिस दिन थक जाए तू,
आसमान को देख जरा।
चुपचाप मेहनत करता जा तू,
शोर खुद करेगा नाम तेरा।

जो लोग आज तुझ पर हँसते हैं,
कल वही तेरी मिसाल बनाएँगे।
तेरे हर एक संघर्ष की कहानी,
वक्त के साथ पन्नों में गाएँगे।

खुद से किया हर एक वादा,
तुझे याद रखना है।
"तू कर सकता है" यही सोचकर,
आगे बढ़ते चलना है।



अगित कुमार
कला स्नातक तृतीय वर्ष

ज़िंदगी क्या है?

ज़िंदगी क्या है?

किसी के लिए भगवान का दिया सबसे सुंदर तोहफा,
तो किसी के लिए फूलों भरा बगीचा।

किसी के लिए ज़िंदगी गुलज़ार है,
तो किसी के लिए काँटों भरा बाज़ार है।
कोई खुशी से दिन-रात बिताता है,
तो कोई हर पल खुद से ही हार जाता है।

अलग-अलग मायने हैं

ज़िंदगी के हर एक जीवन में।

कोई हँसते-हँसते दिन-रात बिताता है,
तो कोई हर बार जीने की राह तलाशता है।



कभी पल भर में
सफ़र सुहाना सा लगता है,
तो कभी पल भर बाद
बिखरा जहाँ सा लगता है।

कोई किसी का साथ चाहता है,

तो कोई किसी का साथ छोड़ जाता है।

ज़िंदगी के मायने सबके लिए अलग-अलग हैं,

जो इसे समझना चाहता है,

वो खुद में ही उलझ सा जाता है।



अज़िल पांडेय
कला स्नातक प्रथम वर्ष



डर



डर है जीत पाने का,
डर है दर्द में अपनी सिसकी छुपा न पाने का।
डर है 'अगर-मगर' में ही रह जाने का,
डर है एक छोटा सा किस्सा बन जाने का।

डर है अपनी कहानी को रोमांचक न बना पाने का,
डर है टूट जाने का, फिर कभी न जुड़ पाने का।
डर है कहीं पीछे छूट जाने का,
डर है दुनिया से कदम न मिला पाने का।

डर है खामोशी का,
डर है एक साँस में सब कुछ कह देने का।
डर है खुद को खो देने का,
डर है खुद को न पहचान पाने का।

डर है ख्वाब अधूरे रह जाने का,
डर है उनके लिए किसी से न लड़ पाने का।
मन तो है फूलों सा खिलखिलाने का,
पर डर है अगली ही पल टहनी से टूट जाने का।

मन तो है नदियों सा बह जाने का,
पर डर है कहीं किनारा न मिलने का।
डर है उस अम्बर को न छू पाने का,
डर है पंछी बनकर भी पिंजरे में रह जाने का।



डर है गिर जाने का,
और फिर कभी न उठ पाने का।
डर है अपनों को खो देने का,
डर है जिसे चाहो, उसे कह न पाने का।

डर है वक्त के बीत जाने का,
डर है वक्त पर न पहुँच पाने का।
डर है खास लम्हों के गुजर जाने का,
और उसी डर में उन्हें जी न पाने का।

डर है इस समाज का,
डर है अपनी ख्वाहिशें पूरी न कर पाने का।
डर है सच को गलत और
गलत को सही बता देने का।

डर है झूठ को न पहचान पाने का,
डर है खुद को ही दुख पहुँचाने का।
डर है अपनी राह से भटक जाने का,
डर है एक गलती को कभी न सुधार पाने का।

डर है साँसों के थम जाने का,
डर है ख्वाहिशों को अधूरा छोड़ जाने का।
डर है हिम्मत टूट जाने का,
और फिर कभी न जुटा पाने का।

डर है अकेले रह जाने का,
डर है वैसी ज़िंदगी न जी पाने का जैसा चाहा।
डर है दुनिया की पहेलियों में उलझ जाने का,
और फिर कभी उन्हें सुलझा न पाने का।

डर है मलाल रह जाने का,
डर है सच में जो चाहो, उसे कह न पाने का।
डर है अपनी कहानी यूँ ही अधूरी छोड़ जाने का,
डर है उसे पूरा न लिख पाने का...

और सबसे बड़ा डर—
डर में ही पूरी ज़िंदगी जी जाने का।



निखिल पांचटा
कला स्नातक तृतीय वर्ष



तुम लिखो

तुम जब भी कुछ लिखते हो,
बेशुमार लिखते हो...
खुद को बाद में,
पहले सपनों का खुमार लिखते हो...



हाँ! तुम लेखक हो,
तुम बेमिसाल लिखते हो...

थोड़े-से नादान, कुछ परेशान,
तुम आधे-अधूरे शब्दों में
परा संसार लिखते हो...



चुनकर कुछ शब्द,
रास्ते, मंज़िल, पेड़-पहाड़,
नदियाँ, तालाब—
तुम अपने गाँव को प्यार लिखते हो...

हाँ! तुम लेखक हो,
तुम बेमिसाल लिखते हो...

तुम बच्चों को चितचोर,
और सुबह को भोर लिखते हो...
लिखते हो तुम तमाम खूबसूरत अल्फ़ाज़,
तुम गाय को शक्ति का स्रोत लिखते हो...

हाँ! तुम लेखक हो,
तुम बेमिसाल लिखते हो...



और कितना कमाल है ना,
तुम अब भी कुछ नहीं मानते—
बस लिखते जाते हो...

हाँ! तुम लेखक हो,
तुम लिखते हो...
और हर बार बेमिसाल लिखते हो...



अगन राग चेत
कला स्नातक तृतीय वर्ष

हार नहीं मानूंगी

ऐ ज़िंदगी, ज़रा सुन ले—
दुनिया में आई हूँ तो मस्त जीऊंगी।
कठिनाइयाँ आती रहेंगी,
पर मैं कभी हार नहीं मानूंगी।।



तू चाहे जितना आजमा ले,
मैं हर बार संभल जाऊँगी।
गिरकर फिर से उठ खड़ी होकर,
और मज़बूत बन जाऊँगी।।

इतना भरोसा है खुद पर,
कि एक दिन आसमान छू लूँगी।
देर से ही सही मगर,
सबसे ऊँची उड़ान भरूँगी।।

आँधियाँ चाहे जितनी आएँ,
मैं दीपक बनकर जलती रहूँगी।
हर मुश्किल को हराकर,
अपनी राह खुद बनाऊँगी।।

मैं वही कहानी बनूँगी,
जिसे दुनिया याद करेगी—
क्योंकि हर हाल में मैं,
हार कभी नहीं मानूँगी।।



सुहानी राना
कला स्नातक तृतीय वर्ष



संदर्भ की जीत

एक छोटे से पहाड़ी गाँव में अर्जुन नाम का एक लड़का रहता था। वह गरीब परिवार से था, लेकिन उसके सपने बहुत बड़े थे। उसके पिता किसान थे और माँ घर का काम करती थी। घर की आर्थिक स्थिति अच्छी नहीं थी, फिर भी अर्जुन पढ़ाई में बहुत तेज था।

अर्जुन का सपना था कि वह एक दिन बड़ा अधिकारी बने और अपने माता-पिता का नाम रोशन करे। लेकिन उसके रास्ते में बहुत सारी मुश्किलें थीं।

गाँव में स्कूल तो था, लेकिन वहाँ पढ़ाई का स्तर बहुत अच्छा नहीं था। किताबें भी पूरी नहीं मिलती थीं। कई बार अर्जुन को खेतों में काम करना पड़ता था, जिससे उसकी पढ़ाई प्रभावित होती थी।

एक दिन अर्जुन ने अपने पिता से कहा,

“पिताजी, मैं शहर जाकर पढ़ना चाहता हूँ।”

पिता ने दुखी होकर कहा,

“बेटा, हमारे पास इतने पैसे नहीं हैं कि हम तुम्हें शहर भेज सकें।”

यह सुनकर अर्जुन थोड़ा उदास हुआ, लेकिन उसने हार नहीं मानी। उसने तय किया कि वह गाँव में रहकर ही अपनी मेहनत से कुछ बड़ा करेगा।

अब अर्जुन सुबह जल्दी उठता, घर का काम करता और फिर स्कूल जाता। शाम को वह खेतों में पिता की मदद करता और रात को देर तक पढ़ाई करता।

गाँव में बिजली की समस्या थी, इसलिए वह अक्सर दीपक या लालटेन की रोशनी में पढ़ता था।

एक दिन उसके स्कूल में एक शिक्षक आए, जो बहुत प्रेरणादायक थे। उन्होंने अर्जुन की लगन और मेहनत को देखा और उसकी मदद करने का फैसला किया।

उन्होंने अर्जुन को अतिरिक्त किताबें दीं और उसे सही दिशा में पढ़ने की सलाह दी।

अर्जुन ने दिन-रात मेहनत की। कई बार उसे थकान होती, कई बार निराशा भी होती, लेकिन उसने कभी हार नहीं मानी।

उन्होंने अर्जुन को अतिरिक्त किताबें दीं और उसे सही दिशा में पढ़ने की सलाह दी।

अर्जुन ने दिन-रात मेहनत की। कई बार उसे थकान होती, कई बार निराशा भी होती, लेकिन उसने कभी हार नहीं मानी।

समय बीतता गया और आखिरकार वह दिन आया जब अर्जुन की बोर्ड परीक्षा के परिणाम घोषित हुए।

पूरा गाँव हैरान रह गया—अर्जुन ने पूरे जिले में पहला स्थान हासिल किया था!

उसकी मेहनत रंग लाई। अब उसे शहर के एक अच्छे कॉलेज में छात्रवृत्ति मिल गई।

कुछ सालों बाद, वही अर्जुन एक बड़ा अधिकारी बन गया।

जब वह अपने गाँव लौटा, तो पूरे गाँव ने उसका स्वागत किया। उसके माता-पिता की आँखों में गर्व के आँसू थे।

अर्जुन ने गाँव में एक नया स्कूल बनवाया ताकि कोई भी बच्चा शिक्षा से वंचित न रहे।

सीख:

- मेहनत और लगन से हर मुश्किल को पार किया जा सकता है।
- परिस्थितियाँ चाहे कैसी भी हों, अगर इरादा मजबूत हो तो सफलता निश्चित है।
- कभी हार नहीं माननी चाहिए।



पहाड़ों की पुकार

शिमला की ठंडी वादियों में बसा एक छोटा सा गाँव था - जहाँ हर सुबह सूरज पहाड़ों के पीछे से झांकता था और देवदार के पेड़ों से ठंडी हवा गुजरती थी।

उसी गाँव में रोहित नाम का एक लड़का रहता था। उसे अपने पहाड़ों से बहुत प्यार था। वह अक्सर पहाड़ों की चोटियों पर बैठकर दूर-दूर तक फैली वादियों को देखा करता था।

रोहित का सपना था कि वह बड़ा होकर अपने गाँव के लिए कुछ करे, ताकि लोग शहरों की तरफ पलायन न करें।

लेकिन समय के साथ गाँव बदलने लगा।

लोग शहरों की ओर जाने लगे, खेत खाली होने लगे और पुराने घर सूने पड़ गए।

रोहित यह सब देखकर दुखी होता था।

एक दिन उसने अपने दादा जी से पूछा,

“दादा जी, लोग अपना गाँव छोड़कर क्यों जा रहे हैं?”

दादा जी ने गहरी सांस लेते हुए कहा,

“बेटा, यहाँ काम के मौके कम हैं, इसलिए लोग बेहतर ज़िंदगी की तलाश में शहर चले जाते हैं।”

यह सुनकर रोहित के मन में एक विचार आया।

उसने तय किया कि वह अपने गाँव को ऐसा बनाएगा कि लोग यहाँ रहना चाहें।

रोहित पढ़ाई के लिए शिमला शहर गया। वहाँ उसने पर्यटन और पर्यावरण के बारे में पढ़ाई की।

उसे समझ आया कि उसके गाँव में प्राकृतिक सुंदरता बहुत है—अगर सही तरीके से इसका उपयोग किया जाए, तो गाँव में ही रोजगार पैदा हो सकता है।

कई सालों की मेहनत के बाद वह अपने गाँव वापस लौटा।

बदलाव का दौर:

रोहित ने गाँव में होमस्टे शुरू करने का विचार रखा।

शुरू में लोगों को भरोसा नहीं हुआ, लेकिन उसने उन्हें समझाया—

“अगर हम अपने घरों को पर्यटकों के लिए खोलें, तो हमें यहीं रोजगार मिल सकता है।”

धीरे-धीरे कुछ लोगों ने उसका साथ दिया।

रोहित ने सोशल मीडिया पर अपने गाँव की तस्वीरें डाली—बर्फ से ढकी पहाड़ियाँ, सेब के बाग, और शांत वातावरण। कुछ ही समय में पर्यटक आने लगे।

गाँव में फिर से रौनक लौट आई।

खाली पड़े घरों में चहल-पहल होने लगी।

लोगों को काम मिलने लगा।

नई पहचान:

आज वही गाँव “मॉडल विलेज” बन गया था।

लोग शहर छोड़कर वापस अपने गाँव आने लगे थे।

रोहित अपने दादा जी के साथ पहाड़ी पर बैठा मुस्कुरा रहा था।

दादा जी ने कहा,

“तूने सच में पहाड़ों की पुकार सुन ली, बेटा।”

रोहित ने आसमान की ओर देखा और कहा—

“मैंने बस अपने गाँव से प्यार किया है।”

सीख:

- अपने गाँव और जड़ों से जुड़ाव हमें आगे बढ़ने की प्रेरणा देता है।
- सही सोच और मेहनत से हम अपने क्षेत्र का विकास कर सकते हैं।
- पलायन रोकना संभव है, अगर हम अपने संसाधनों का सही उपयोग करें।



यश कुमार

कला स्नातक तृतीय वर्ष



ENGLISH SECTION

The Art of the Pivot: Navigating the Unwritten Curriculum

The modern college experience is often framed as a linear race toward a degree, measured by credit hours and calculated by a GPA. However, the true essence of these four years lies in the "*unwritten curriculum*"—the subtle art of intellectual and personal resilience. Beyond the lecture halls, we are building a cognitive architecture that allows us to navigate a world that is increasingly unpredictable. This growth happens in the "*productive discomfort*" of a challenging seminar or the frantic teamwork of a failing group project. In these moments, we aren't just memorizing data; we are learning to synthesize complex ideas and pivot when our initial assumptions are proven wrong.



As we move through 2026, the value of a human education has shifted from knowing the right answers to asking the right questions. While technology can provide instant information, it cannot replicate the empathy gained through campus diversity or the grit developed during a mid-term crunch. We are essentially learning how to learn, transforming ourselves into adaptable thinkers who see a career not as a single track, but as a series of evolving opportunities. Ultimately, the most important thing we take across the graduation stage isn't the diploma in our hands, but the resilient, curious mind we built along the way.

*Pratiyush
BA2nd*

HOW TO READ AN ARTICLE

Most people think reading an article means reaching the last line. It does not. Reading is not about speed, it is about attention.

Begin with the title, not to judge it, but to understand what the writer is trying to explore. Do not rush past the opening lines. Writers usually hide their intention there. Read the introduction slowly and let the tone settle in your mind.

As you move forward, resist the urge to skim. Skimming turns words into noise. Instead, pause when a sentence makes you think or feel something. That pause is where reading actually happens. Ask yourself simple questions. Why did the writer choose this word? What is being said directly and what is being suggested quietly?

Do not read only for information. Read for meaning. Notice examples, metaphors, and even silences. Sometimes what an article avoids saying is as important as what it explains.

Finally, do not close the article immediately after the last line. Sit with it for a moment. If it changed your thought, even slightly, you have read it well.

*Unique Thakur
BA 2nd Year*

College: More than Just a Degree

College is often seen as a place meant only for studying and earning a degree, but in reality, it is much more than that. It is a phase that helps shape our personality and prepares us for life beyond classrooms.

The first days of college feel confusing and exciting at the same time. New faces, new surroundings, and new responsibilities can be overwhelming. Slowly, the campus starts to feel familiar, and classmates turn into friends. What once felt unfamiliar becomes a place we feel comfortable in.

College teaches lessons that books cannot. Through assignments, presentations, and group work, we learn teamwork, responsibility, and confidence. We learn how to manage time, handle pressure, and grow from our mistakes. Every challenge teaches us something important.

One of the best parts of college is meeting people from different backgrounds and mindsets. These interactions help us become more open-minded and understanding. College is also a time of self-discovery, where many students find their interests and understand themselves better.

As time passes quickly, we realize that college life is temporary. The memories, friendships, and experiences we make here stay with us forever. In the end, college is not just about earning a degree—it is about growth, learning, and becoming a better version of ourselves.

Shivam Panta
BA 2nd Year

Laziness over the Illness

If I want to live life with my own rule but then the world will turned out to be cruel
Like no one have seen my depression but every one can see my anger
Some call it laziness and some call it illness
But how those people couldn't see my mental health.
Every day I am drowning and they are like ohh girl you would had learnt how to swim
This life doesn't feel worth it so I wanted to end it .
Every single day is a suffocated day and every night I am alone with my knife
Should I cut myself that deep until my whole body will bleed?
I hate people and I hate me too,
Now I understand why depression in so true
I can't cry cuz my whole tear dried and something inside me also died

Smriti
BA First Year

Sometimes

Life is a moving train. Sometimes sunshine, sometimes rain,
Sometimes fun, sometimes pain,
Sometimes loss, sometimes gain.
Frames change, stations change.
Time never changes for anyone.
We all will die; none will remain.
We chase happiness, but happiness is unchaseable.
Enough worries will make you drained.
Life is sometimes sunshine, sometimes rain.
I have seen thousands of faces—
Happy faces, sad faces,
With thousands of problems.
Only the human heart is the strongest;
It holds millions of desires.
Desires bring tears, tears bring fear.
Women are the biggest liars,
But their hearts hold the greatest fires.
Fire triggers pain.
Life is sometimes loss, sometimes gain.

*Poem by
Chetan Dhalta
BA 2nd Year*

Life

We often want great things in life
and ask God for more and more
But how ungrateful man becomes,
Forgetting the beauty already given.
He fails to value the precious gift--
Life itself.
The nature,
the flora and the fauna,
and the loved ones
who care for us
and pray for us.
The worth of nature is infinite--
from blissful morning
Chirping birds, peaceful air
To the shining sky
full of twinkling star
And the calm moon,
Teaching us the art
Of being extremely beautiful
Without any justification.

*~Zeenat jagta
BA 2nd year*

“A Newbie in College”

Starting college is exciting, but it also comes with confusion and many questions. When I joined LalBahadurShastriGovernmentDegreeCollege,SaraswatiNagar,asanewbie,I had highhopesbutverylittleideaofhowcollegelifereallyworks.Lookingbacknow, There areafewimportantthingsItrulywishIhadknownearlier.

I am pursuingaBachelorofArtswithEnglishasmymajorsubjectandGeographyasmy minor subject.MyEnglishbackgroundwasalreadyprettygoodwhenIenteredcollege,soI felt confidentinthebeginning.This helpedmewithreading,writing,andunderstanding literature. However, I soon realized that college-level English is different. It needs deeper reading, regular practice, and clear thinking. I wish I had known that a good background is helpful, but consistency and self-study are more important.

One topicthatconfuseseveryoneinthebeginningismajorandminorsubjects.Manynewbies choosesubjectswithoutfullyunderstandingthesyllabusorfuturescope.Later,some students feel unhappy or unsure about their choice. It is important to understand your Interest and strength before finalizing your major and minor subjects. College also teaches us that it is okay to learn from mistakes and make better decisions.

Another common worry among newbies is stream change. Some students realize after joining college that their chosen stream does not suit them. Changing a stream or subject is not a signoffailure.Itissimplypartofunderstandingyourselfbetter.Takingguidance from teachersandthinkingcalmlyhelpsinmakingtherightchoice.

College life is also very different from school life. None reminds you daily about homework or exams. Managing attendance, assignments, and exam preparation is your own responsibility.Learningtimemanagementearlycansavealotofstresslater.

During my first and second year, I also participated in activities like the national Service Scheme (NSS).Participation helped me again confidence, discipline, and social awareness. It alsohelpedmeinteractwithnewpeopleandfeelmoreconnectedtothecampus.

Another thing I learned is that teachers are more supportive than we think .Asking questions and seeking guidance makes college life easier. Friendships are also important, but notallofthemlastforever—andthatiscompletelynormal.

I wishIhadknownhowfastcollegelifepasses.Thefirstyearfeelslittleslow,but time flies quickly. College is not just about getting a degree; it about understands yourself, making better choices, and growing step by step.

***~ Mayank Sharma
BA 2ndYear***

Learning to Read Slowly

I am learning to read slowly now,
Not just to finish pages or reach the last line,
but to sit with the words
And let them stay a little longer.
Earlier, I rushed through
everything— lines, chapters,
meanings, endings—
as if reading was a task to
complete and not a space to
breathe in.

Now I pause when a sentence feels heavy,
When a word reminds me of
myself,
when a line asks me to stop
instead of moving forward.



Some sentences feel familiar,
As if they already lived inside
me.
Some words echo quietly,
Carrying thoughts I never said
aloud.

In poems, I learn that silence
matters
As much as the words written on
the page.
In stories, I see my own
questions walking through
different lives.

I don't always understand
everything I read,
and I no longer feel the need to.
I let the words sit with me,
Unfinished, quiet, and honest.

Learning to read slowly has
taught me this—
Literature is not about speed or
perfection,
It is about staying,
And allowing words to
understand you back.

—*Astha Thakur*
BA 2nd Year

Balancing Academics and Personal Growth

Balancing academics and personal growth is an essential part of student life. While academic success is important, focusing only on grades can limit overall development. True education includes both academic achievement and personal understanding.

Academic responsibilities such as attending lectures, completing assignments, and preparing for exams help students develop discipline and focus. These habits are necessary for professional success. However, personal growth happens beyond textbooks. Experiences like group discussions, time management, and adjusting to challenges build confidence and emotional strength.

Personal growth encourages self-awareness and the ability to handle pressure. It teaches students how to accept failure, learn from mistakes and remain motivated. Without these qualities, academic success alone may feel incomplete.

Maintaining balance requires planning and reflection. Students who manage their time wisely and allow space for rest often perform better academically. Growth is not about choosing between studies and self-development, but about allowing both to support each other.

In conclusion, balancing academics and personal growth prepares students for life beyond college. While degrees create opportunities, personal growth shapes the strength to face real-world challenges with confidence and clarity.

***-Sujal Sharma
BA 2nd Year***

Visibly Invisible

I was there I wasn't for them
they didn't want to know about my roots let alone the stem
my existence was like a air
they won't know even if i disappear
they walk passed me as if I was a ghost
you know what they won't even notice me if I was the host
let alone my feelings they won't even notice my face
due to all of this I mastered living in my own space
they all had someone to talk or somebody to share
but I was the only one in the state of despair
how can they be so sure that I'll be fine on my own
was this the reason I was well known
being friends with me will it cost them a future
or they take me as a woodu doll or worse a torture
while talking about all of this my body starts to tremble
I only one hours one question were the hell am I so visibly invisible

***By Ralvi Baltoo
BA 1st Year***

The relevance of the Classics in Modern Times



Classical literature continues to hold importance even in today's fast-changing world. Although these works were written in a different time, the themes they explore—such as love, morality, power, and identity—remain ***deeply human and universal***.

Classics help readers understand the social and cultural foundations of modern society. They present ***complex characters and situations*** that encourage critical thinking rather than offering simple answers. Through this, readers learn to question ideas, reflect on values, and develop independent thought. In an age dominated by screens and short attention spans, classical literature offers something different. It encourages ***slow reading and reflection***, allowing readers to pause and think deeply. This habit builds focus and intellectual patience, which are increasingly important today. Many modern novels, films, and ideas are influenced by classical works. Understanding the classics allows readers to recognize these connections and appreciate ***contemporary creativity more fully***. Classics also strengthen ***language skills*** through rich vocabulary and expressive writing styles. Beyond academics, they connect generations by showing that ***human experiences remain largely unchanged***. In conclusion, classical literature remains relevant because it helps readers understand the past while making sense of the present in a meaningful way.

—Astha Thakur
BA 2nd Year

Facts about Language

There are over 7,000 languages spoken in the world today.
Mandarin Chinese is the most spoken native language.
English is the most widely used international language.
Every language has its own grammar rules and sentence structure.
Languages change and evolve over time.
Many languages borrow words from other languages.
Some languages are written from right to left (like Arabic and Hebrew).
The longest word in English has 189,819 letters (a scientific term).
Some languages have no written form and are only spoken.
A person who speaks two languages is called bilingual; more than two is multilingual.
The most widely used letter in English is "E."
Sign languages are full languages with their own grammar.
Languages can disappear if no one speaks them anymore.
India has 22 officially recognized languages.
Babies can recognize their mother's language even before they are born.

Kavya Rolta
BA 1st Year

SCIENCE SECTION



EDITORIAL

“The beauty of Science is in its quest for Truth”

Dear Readers

Science is a journey of discovery, curiosity, and the relentless pursuit of truth. With each issue, we explore the breakthroughs shaping our world from the mysteries of subatomic particles to the vast expanse of the cosmos. In this edition, we delve into Artificial Intelligence, significant scientific facts, and medical innovations, bringing together expert insights and cutting-edge research. The college magazine serves as a vibrant platform that opens doors for enthusiastic and keen learners to present their creative ideas and showcase their hidden talents. It is a space where curiosity thrives, ideas take shape, and innovation finds a voice. We are fortunate to be supported by highly motivated and dedicated students who constantly strive to explore and express themselves in meaningful ways.

I feel immense pleasure in presenting the Science Section of the College Magazine to our readers. This section ignites thought, nurtures scientific temper, and encourages meaningful dialogue. I congratulate all our hardworking and enthusiastic students who are a true

reservoir of strength and energy that, when properly channelized, can become a powerful force for the nation.

I am confident that this creative endeavor has inspired students to express their inherent scientific temperament. I wish them success in becoming confident, independent, and progressive citizens of the future.



Thanks

Punam

Dr Punam Chauhan

**STAFF EDITOR
Science Section**



FROM STUDENT EDITOR'S CORNER

Dear Readers

It gives me immense joy and satisfaction to reintroduce the Science Section in our own college magazine, *HATKESHWARI*. I take great pleasure and pride in presenting the **Science Section** of the college magazine, which reflects the collective efforts of both teachers and students who have contributed creative and thoughtful articles.

This section not only highlights scientific knowledge but also showcases the talents, creativity, and innovative ideas of our students. I believe the magazine truly mirrors the academic spirit and enthusiasm of our institution, blending learning with creativity.

I am deeply thankful to my teachers for giving me the opportunity to represent this section on behalf of my fellow students. We have made our best efforts to provide our readers with useful insights that are relevant

and applicable to real-life situations. The students have worked with dedication to make the Science Section informative, engaging, and insightful.

We sincerely hope that everyone enjoys reading this magazine as much as we enjoyed creating it.

Happy Reading!

STUDENT EDITOR

**Shivani Bushari
B.Sc. Final Year
Roll no. – 2302013**



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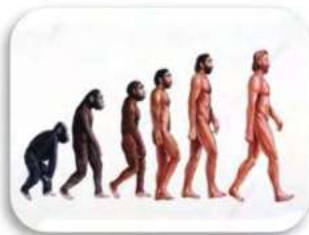
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1. EVOLUTION

“A Unique Event in the History of Universe”

HUMAN EVOLUTION is the long biological process through which modern humans developed from early ape-like ancestors. This journey began in Africa about 6-7 million years ago and continued slowly over millions of years. At first, human ancestors lived in forests and moved on all four limbs. Due to climate change, forests decreased and open grasslands increased. To survive in these open areas, some ancestors began walking on two legs. This change was very important because it freed the hands for carrying food using tools, and protecting themselves. One of the earliest human ancestors was Australopithecus. It could walk



upright but had a small brain. Over time, evolution favoured individuals with better intelligence. This led to the appearance of *Homo habilis*, who made simple stone tools. Tool-making improved survival and food gathering. Later, *Homo erectus* evolved. This species had a larger brain and a more human-like body. *Homo erectus* was the first to use fire, which helped in cooking food, staying warm, and protection from wild animals. They also migrated out of Africa to other parts of the world. Finally, *Homo sapiens*, or modern humans, evolved about 300,000 years ago. They developed advanced language, thinking ability, art, and social organization. Fossils and DNA studies show that humans share a common ancestor with chimpanzee proving our evolutionary connection.

Poonam Thakur (BSc Ist Year)

2. NEW QUANTUM STATE OF MATTER: A BREAKTHROUGH IN SPACE TECHNOLOGY

Scientists at the University of California, Irvine, have made a groundbreaking discovery - a new quantum phase formed when electrons and holes pair up and spins in unison, creating a glowing, liquid-like state of matter. This exotic transformation could enable radiation-proof, self-charging computers ideal for deep-space travel. The research team, led by Professor Luis A. Jauregui, exposed a custom-made material, hafnium pentatelluride, to magnetic fields of up to 70 Teslas, triggering this unusual state. In this phase, electrons and positively charged "holes" blend together into a fluid-like mixture, forming exotic structures called excitons. What's striking is that both electrons and holes rotate in the same direction, creating a collective motion that behaves like its own unique kind of matter.

Key Implications:

Radiation-Proof Computers: This discovery could lead to computers that can withstand harsh environments, like deep space.

Energy-Efficient Technologies: The new state of matter may enable spin-based electronics or quantum devices with lower energy consumption.

Quantum Computing: Understanding this phase could unlock new paths in quantum computing and superconductivity.

Trisha (BSc IInd Year)

3. GREEN TECHNOLOGY



Today's fast-growing world, technology plays a vital role in human development. However, excessive uses of natural resources and industrial growth have caused

serious environmental problems such as air pollution, global warming, and climate change. To solve these problems, Green Technology has become an important tool for protecting our planet while supporting modern development.

Major Areas of Green technology

- * Renewable energy
- * Green Transportation
- * Green Building Technology
- * Waste Management and Recycling

Advantages of Green technology:

- * Reduces environmental pollution

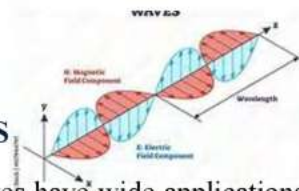
- * Conserves natural resources
- * Decreases greenhouse gas emissions
- * Promotes sustainable development
- * Creates new job opportunities in green industries.

Tanuja (BSc IIIrd Year)

4. ELECTROMAGNETIC WAVES AND THEIR APPLICATIONS

Electromagnetic waves are a form of energy that propagate through space as oscillating electric and magnetic fields. These waves do not require any material medium and can travel through vacuum at the speed of light. James Clerk Maxwell proposed the theory of electromagnetic waves and later confirmed experimentally by Heinrich Hertz. An electromagnetic wave consists of an electric field and a magnetic field that oscillate perpendicular to each other and also perpendicular to the direction of propagation. Due to this arrangement, electromagnetic waves are transverse. The complete range of electromagnetic waves is known as the electromagnetic spectrum, which includes radio waves, microwaves, infrared rays, visible light, ultraviolet rays, X-rays, and

gamma rays. Electromagnetic waves have wide applications in science and daily life. Radio waves and microwaves are used in radio and television broadcasting, mobile communication, Wi-Fi, satellite communication, and microwave ovens. Infrared rays are used in remote controls, thermal imaging, and night-vision devices. Visible light is essential for vision and is used in lighting, photography, and optical instruments. Ultraviolet rays are used for sterilization and water purification. X-rays are widely used in medical imaging, while gamma rays are used in cancer treatment and nuclear research. Thus, electromagnetic waves play a vital role in communication, medicine, technology, and modern living. **Nikhilesh (BSc IIrd Year)**



5. SCIENCE AND ETHICS: BALANCING PROGRESS WITH RESPONSIBILITY

Science has always played an important role in human development. It has helped us understand the universe, improve the living standards, and solve many problems of daily life. However, scientific progress alone is not enough. Along with knowledge and innovation, ethical thinking is equally important. This balance between science and ethics ensures that progress benefits humanity in the right way. Science focuses on discovery and development. It shows us what can be achieved through experiments and research. Ethics guides us in deciding how these discoveries should be used. Without ethical limits, scientific power can cause harm instead of good.

For example, modern medical science has made treatments

like genetic engineering and organ transplantation possible. These advancements can save lives, but only when used with consent, care, and respect for human values. Technology also raises ethical concerns. Scientific inventions such as artificial intelligence and digital platforms make life more convenient, but they also involve issues of privacy and misuse of data. Ethics reminds us that technology should support human welfare, not control or exploit people. Responsible use of science is necessary to maintain trust and safety in society. "Science gives us the ability to move forward, but ethics reminds us to move in the right direction." **Shivani Bushari (BSc IIIrd Year)**

6. LIFE ON MARS

A Scientific Possibility Mars, often called the Red Planet, has fascinated scientists for decades because it shows signs that it may once have supported life. Evidence from

space missions suggests that billions of years ago, Mars had liquid water, rivers, lakes, and a

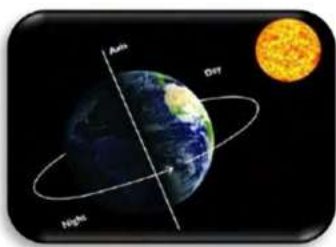


thicker atmosphere—conditions necessary for life. Recent discoveries by rovers like Curiosity and Perseverance have revealed organic molecules and minerals that form in the presence of water. Although no direct evidence of life has been found so far, these findings increase the possibility that microbial life may have existed on Mars in the past. Scientists are now searching for signs of ancient life by

studying Martian rocks and soil samples. Future missions aim to bring samples back to Earth for detailed analysis. While life on Mars remains unproven, ongoing research continues to bring us closer to answering one of humanity's biggest questions: Are we alone in the universe?

Mohini (BSc Ist Year)

7. ROTATION OF THE EARTH: THE REASON BEHIND DAY AND NIGHT



The Earth rotates on its axis from west to east, completing one full rotation in approximately 24 hours. This continuous movement is responsible for the cycle of day and night on our planet. As the Earth spins, the side facing the Sun experiences daylight, while the opposite side remains in

darkness. The rotation of the Earth also influences time zones and affects weather patterns through the Coriolis Effect, which causes winds and ocean currents to follow curved paths. Additionally, Earth's rotation slightly flattens the planet at the poles and bulges it at the equator. Though we do not feel this motion, Earth rotates at a speed of about 1,670 km per hour at the equator. This constant rotation plays a vital role in maintaining natural rhythms essential for life on Earth.

Tamanna (BSc Ist Year)

8. THE NATURE OF TIME IN MODERN PHYSICS

Time is one of the most fundamental concepts in physics, yet its true nature remains deeply puzzling. In everyday life, time appears to flow smoothly from the past through the present and into the future. However, modern physics suggests that time is not absolute but depends on physical laws, entropy, and the structure of space time. The given diagram represents this modern view through the concept of the arrow of time. At the microscopic level, most fundamental physical laws are time-reversible. The equations of classical mechanics and quantum mechanics remain valid even if the direction of time is reversed. This implies that at a fundamental scale, nature does not distinguish between past and future. In the diagram, this idea is associated with reversible processes and

microscopic laws. In contrast, the macroscopic world shows irreversible processes, which define the direction of time. According to the second law of thermodynamics, the entropy of an isolated system always increases. This increase in entropy provides a clear arrow of time, moving from a more ordered past to a more disordered future. The diagram shows entropy increasing toward the future, explaining why physical processes such as mixing, aging, and cosmic expansion cannot be reversed. Thus, modern physics raises an important question: Is time an illusion or an emergent phenomenon? While the complete answer is still unknown, current theories indicate that time is shaped by entropy, gravity, and the underlying laws of the universe.

Sakshi (BSc IIIrd Year)

9. ADVANCES IN BIOTECHNOLOGY (2025)

In 2025, biotechnology has made remarkable progress, especially through the integration of artificial intelligence, gene editing, and advanced medical technologies. AI is now widely used to design proteins, discover new drugs, and speed up laboratory research, while improved CRISPR-based gene-editing techniques have enabled safer and more precise treatments for genetic disorders,

including personalized gene therapies. mRNA technology has expanded beyond vaccines to cancer and immune-

related treatments, and advances in cell therapy and biomanufacturing have made complex treatments like CAR-T therapy more efficient and accessible. At the same time, synthetic biology is being used to develop eco-friendly solutions in agriculture and industry. Overall, biotechnology in 2025 is playing a key role in

transforming healthcare, sustainability, and scientific innovation.

Kanika Jehta (BSc Ist Year)

10. AMAZING FACTS ABOUT SCIENCE

1. Oceans produce about 50% of the world's oxygen, sustaining life on Earth.
2. Stomach acid, with a pH of 1–2, is strong enough to dissolve metals.
3. The total length of human DNA stretched out would reach from the Sun to Pluto and back 17 times.
4. Our bodies host ten times more bacterial cells than human cells.
5. Water's unique triple point occurs at 0.01°C, where it can exist simultaneously as solid, liquid, and gas.
6. Many animals navigate using Earth's magnetic field as a natural compass.
7. Helium can become a superfluid, flowing without any friction.
8. Space is completely silent, but radio waves travel freely, enabling communication.
9. The universe is approximately 13.8 billion years old.
10. Water is known as the universal solvent, essential for all known forms of life.

Anjali (BSc Ist Year)

11. MICRO PLASTICS: THE INVISIBLE THREAT AROUND US

What are Microplastics?

- Microplastics are plastic particles smaller than 5 mm. They are categorized into two main types:
- Primary micro plastics
- Secondary micro plastics

Impact on Marine Life and Ecosystems

- Marine organisms often mistake microplastics for food.
- Once ingested, these particles can block digestive systems, reduce nutrient absorption, and cause internal injuries.

Potential Effects on Human Health

Although research is still ongoing, scientists are concerned about the possible health effects of microplastics on humans. Microplastics may carry harmful chemicals that interfere with hormones, immune function, and cellular processes. Inhalation of airborne microplastics may also affect respiratory health.

What Can Be Done?

- Individual actions: Reducing single-use plastics,
- Choosing natural fibres, and supporting sustainable products.
- Technological solutions: Improved waste management, advanced water filtration systems, and biodegradable alternatives.
- Policy and awareness: Stronger environmental regulations and public education about plastic consumption.



Janvi Thakur (BSc IIIrd Year)

12. UNWRAPPING THE TRUTH: THE HIDDEN DANGERS OF PACKAGED FOOD

Packaged food has become very common in our daily life because it is easily available and saves time. However, regular consumption of packaged food can be harmful to our health. Most packaged foods contain high amounts of sugar, salt, unhealthy fats, preservatives, and artificial colours. Excess intake of such foods can lead to obesity, diabetes, high blood pressure, and heart disease. Children and teenagers are especially affected as these foods reduce immunity and proper growth. Many packaged items also lack essential nutrients like vitamins,

minerals, and fibre. Another major concern is food additives and preservatives, which may cause allergies and digestive problems.

Major Health Risks:

- Chronic Diseases
- Digestive Issues
- Mental & Cognitive Effects



Bone & Dental Problems

Sudden energy spikes and crashes, Lethargy and lack of focus, and Difficulty sleeping.

What to Do Instead:

Limit junk food to occasional treats.

Choose whole foods like fruits, vegetables, nuts, and lean proteins.

Aditi Sharma (BSc Ist Year)

13. ARE IDENTICAL TWINS REALLY IDENTICAL?



Identical twins look almost the same because they come from the same egg and have nearly the same DNA. But they are not 100% identical inside, and that's why one twin can get sick while the other stays healthy. Even identical twins have tiny differences in their DNA. After the embryo splits, each twin can get a few unique DNA changes, so their genes are not exactly the same. Different "Switches" on Genes. More important are epigenetic changes —

chemical "switches" (like DNA methylation) that turn genes on or off without changing the DNA code. These switches are shaped by lifestyle, diet, stress, and environment. Over time, identical twins develop different patterns of these switches, which can affect their health. For example, one twin may become overweight or get type 2 diabetes, while the other does not, even though they started with the same genes. Thus, identical twins are not truly identical. They help scientists understand how our choices and environment affect our genes and health, and how to prevent disease in a more personal way.

Anchal Chauhan (BSc IIIrd Year)

14. THE BENCH THAT KNOWS ALL OUR SECRETS

In every College classroom, there is one silent friend -the bench. It is always there, listening and watching everything without saying a word. From the first day of college, the bench supports us. Here's our whispers about exams, friends, and small secrets during long lectures. Sometimes we study seriously, and sometimes we just wait for the bell. The bench knows both sides of us. During exams, the bench feels our tension. We tap on it,

press on it, and hope it helps us somehow. It also sees our laughter with friends and our silence after tough days. Teachers may scold us or take our phones, but the bench stays with us every day. When college ends, we leave, but the bench keeps all our secrets. It looks simple, but it knows all our secrets.

Ansh Bragta (BSc Ist Year)

15. CLIMATE CHANGE

Climate change is the long-term change in Earth's climate caused mainly by human activities. The burning of fossil fuels, deforestation, and industrial processes release greenhouse gases such as carbon dioxide into the atmosphere. These gases trap heat and lead to global warming. As a result, the Earth is experiencing rising temperatures, melting glaciers, irregular rainfall, droughts, floods, and extreme weather events. Climate change affects agriculture, biodiversity, water resources, and human health. Many species are at risk of extinction due

to changing habitats. Reducing greenhouse gas emissions, using renewable energy, planting trees, and promoting sustainable lifestyles are essential

steps to control climate change. Collective efforts are necessary to protect the planet for future generations.

Mannat (BSc Ist Year)



16. THE GREEN TECH REVOLUTION

Humanity faces unprecedented challenges: climate change, rising carbon emissions, deforestation, and pollution. Green technology (or "green tech") is the response - a movement focused on eco-friendly solutions that reduce environmental damage while promoting sustainable growth.

Green tech is transforming multiple sectors:

- Renewable Energy
- Sustainable Agriculture
- Green Buildings
- Waste Management.



Benefits of the Green Tech Revolution

- Lower Carbon Footprint: Transitioning to renewables cuts greenhouse gas emissions.
- Economic Growth: Green industries create new jobs and markets.

- Healthier Ecosystems: Cleaner air, water, and soil benefit biodiversity.
- Energy Independence: Countries reduce reliance on imported fossil fuels.

Challenges & Risks

- High Initial Costs: Green infrastructure requires heavy investment.
- Policy Gaps: Lack of consistent global regulations slows adoption.
- Technology Access: Developing nations may struggle to implement advanced solutions.
- Greenwashing: Some companies exaggerate sustainability claims.

Future Outlook

Experts predict that by 2030, renewable energy could supply two-thirds of global electricity, while innovations in battery storage and hydrogen fuel will accelerate the transition. The revolution is not optional - it's essential for survival.

Rishabh Gupta (BSc Ist Year)

17. HAPPINESS WITHOUT A NAME

I don't call them passions,
because passions demand fire,
and these things are softer than
that. They are quiet moments-
music playing low, a pen moving
without purpose, eyes resting on

the sky as if it understands me.
I do these things not to become
better, not to be known, but simply
to feel lighter for a while.
In a world that wants everything to
mean something, I like having

things that mean nothing- except
peace. And sometimes,
that is the purest kind of happiness.

Dikshant Mokta (BSc 1st Year)



18. TEN AMAZING DNA FACTS

1. All your DNA stretched out would reach the moon and back 40,000 times, yet it weighs only about 8 ounces.
2. Humans share 50% of DNA with bananas, showing our common ancestry.
3. Salamanders, starfish, and axolotls can regrow limbs and organs.
4. You inherit mitochondrial DNA only from your mother, useful for tracing ancestry.
5. DNA can be used to store digital data thanks to its huge capacity.
6. Environment and lifestyle can change how genes are expressed.
7. Trauma and stress can leave epigenetic marks passed to children.
8. Rare mutations, like CCR5-delta 32, can give immunity to HIV.
9. Much of our genome is "junk DNA," but it helps regulate genes.
10. DNA can jump between species through horizontal transfer, often aided by viruses.



Abhishek (BSc Ist Year)

**** THANK YOU ****



संस्कृत अनुभागः

हाटके श्वरी पत्रिका
2025 - 2026

शिक्षक - सम्पादकीयम्

सम्पादकः



डॉ. नरेश कुमारः

सहायकाचार्यः

संस्कृत-विभागः

ॐ सर्वेभ्यः सुद्धिजनेभ्यः संस्कृतप्रेमिभ्यश्च नमो नमः। हर्षस्य विषयोऽयम् यत् गतवर्षवत् अस्मिन् वर्षेऽपि अस्माकं लाल बहादुर शास्त्री राजकीयः महाविद्यालयः सरस्वती नगरे "हाटकेश्वरी" इति नाम्ना वार्षिकपत्रिकायाः प्रकाशनं विधायते। संस्कृतपाठनं दृढीकरणाय अस्माकं महाविद्यालये सर्वे विद्यार्थिनः संस्कृत भाषां उत्साहपूर्वकं पठन्ति। अत्र प्रस्तुते पत्रिकायां सहर्षेण छात्रैः विविधविषयकानि लेखान् दत्तवन्तः, ये न सर्वान् प्रेरयिष्यन्ति अपितु प्रचुरं संस्कृत ज्ञानं अपि दास्यन्ति। वयं जानीमः एव संस्करोति जीवनमिति संस्कृतम्। इयं भाषा प्राचीनतमा, देवभाषा, गीर्वाणभाषा, वैज्ञानिकी, भाषाश्च वेदाः पौराणिकग्रन्थानां रचना अस्यां भाषायामभवत्। अतः भवतां सुहृदजनानाम् सहयोगः तथा समालोचना न केवलं आवश्यकम्, अपि तु पत्रिकायाः सततम् उत्कृष्टता कृते सहायकं भविष्यति। एतेन स्वज्ञानं परिपूर्णवित्तायान् विमर्शान् च सहृदयेन प्रेषयन्तु। सर्वेभ्यः पुनः पुनः अभिनन्दामि, संस्कृतभाषायां अधिकाधिकं रुचिं जनयितुं प्रार्थयामि च। धन्यवादः।

शिक्षक-सम्पादकः

डॉ. नरेश कुमारः

संस्कृत अनुभागः

छात्र-संपादकीयम्

'हाटकेश्वरी' इति नाम्ना पत्रिकायाः सम्पादनं कुर्वन् अहम् अत्यन्तं हर्षमनुभवामि यतोहि संस्कृतं न केवलं भारतस्य प्राचीनभाषा, अपि तु अध्यात्म, दर्शनं, विज्ञानं, साहित्यं, खगोलं, ज्योतिषं च इत्यादिनाम् निधिः अस्ति। अस्याः भाषायाः विकासेन अनेकानि भारतीयानि ज्ञानशास्त्रानि समृद्धिम् प्राप्नुवन्ति। संस्कृतभाषा न केवलं वैदिकज्ञानस्य भण्डारम्, अपि तु संगणकानां भाषाविज्ञानस्यापि उपयोगी वर्तते। वर्तमानकाले यत्र नव प्रौद्योगिकीय विकासाः सततं जायमानाः सन्ति, तत्र संस्कृतभाषायाः प्रासंगिकता अपि वर्धमानम् अस्ति। एवं संस्कृतभाषायाः ज्ञानम्, अध्ययनं केवलं पुरातनपाण्डित्यम् एव न, अपि तु आधुनिकजीवनस्यापि संवर्धनं करोति। अतः सर्वेषाम् विद्यार्थिनाम् कृते आवश्यकम् एतस्याः भाषायाः ज्ञानम्, अर्जनं येन संस्कृतभाषायाः सर्वतोमुखी विकासः संभवति।

छात्र-संपादकः

अखिल पांचटा

कला स्नातक प्रथम वर्षम्



हाटकेश्वरी पत्रिका संस्कृत अनुभागः

2025 - 2026

विषय-अनुक्रमणिका

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- 2) संस्कृतभाषायाः महत्त्वम् - आँचल शर्मा
- 3) अनुशासनम् - मनीष बनटा
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डिजिटल भारतम्

अद्य भारतदेशः डिजिटल भारतम् इति मार्गे तीव्रगत्या अग्रे गच्छति। आधुनिककाले विज्ञानस्य तंत्रज्ञानस्य च विकासेन भारतदेशे डिजिटलप्रणाली सर्वत्र प्रचलिता जाता अस्ति। सरकारेण “डिजिटल भारतम्” इति योजना प्रारब्धा, यया देशस्य सर्वाङ्गीणः विकासः जायते। डिजिटल भारतस्य माध्यमेन शिक्षा, स्वास्थ्य, बैंकिंग, व्यापारः, सञ्चारः च क्षेत्रेषु महान् परिवर्तनः दृष्टः। अद्य विद्यार्थीणः ऑनलाइन-माध्यमेन अध्ययनं कुर्वन्ति। रोगिणः दूरसंवादेन चिकित्सकान् परामर्शं प्राप्नुवन्ति। नागरिकाः ऑनलाइन-माध्यमेन बिल-भुगतानं, रेल-टिकट-आरक्षणं, प्रमाणपत्र-प्राप्तिं च सरलतया कुर्वन्ति। डिजिटलप्रणाल्या समयस्य धनस्य च संरक्षणं भवति। भ्रष्टाचारः अपि न्यूनः भवति। ग्रामेषु अपि इंटरनेट-सेवया जनाः लाभं प्राप्नुवन्ति। डिजिटल भारतम् आत्मनिर्भरभारतस्य निर्माणे महत्त्वपूर्णं योगदानं ददाति। अतः वयं सर्वे डिजिटल-साक्षरः भूत्वा डिजिटल-सेवानां सदुपयोगं कुर्मः। डिजिटल भारतम् एव आधुनिकभारतस्य उज्ज्वलभविष्यं अस्ति।



निखिल पांचटा

कला स्नातक तृतीय वर्षम्



संस्कृतभाषायाः महत्त्वम्

संस्कृत - भाषा अस्माकं देशस्य प्राचीनतमा भाषा अस्ति। प्राचीन काले सर्वे एव भारतीयाः संस्कृतभाषाया एव व्यवहारं कुर्वन्ति स्म। कालान्तरे विविधाः प्रान्तीयः भाषाः प्रचलिताः अभवन्, किन्तु संस्कृतस्य महत्त्वम् अद्यापि अक्षुण्णं वर्तते। सर्वे प्राचीनग्रन्थाः चत्वारो वेदाश्च संस्कृतभाषायामेव सन्ति। संस्कृतभाषा भारतराष्ट्रस्य एकतायाः आधारः अस्ति। संस्कृतभाषायाः यत्स्वरूपम् अद्य प्राप्यते, तदेव अद्यतः सहस्रवर्षपूर्वम् अपि आसीत्। संस्कृतभाषायाः स्वरूपं पूर्णरूपेण वैज्ञानिक अस्ति। अस्य व्याकरणं पूर्णतः तर्कसम्मतं सुविख्यातं च अस्ति। आचार्य-दण्डिनासम्यगेवोक्तम्



"भाषासु मुख्या मधुरा दिव्या गीर्वाणभारती।"

आँचल शर्मा

कला स्नातक द्वितीय वर्षम्



अनुशासनम्

नियमानां पालनम् अनुशासनं कथ्यते अथवा शासनस्य अनुशरणम् अनुशासनं इति कथ्यते । जीवने अनुशासनस्य विशेषं महत्त्वं भविता प्रत्येक पदे अनुशासनम् आवश्यकम् भविता अनुशासन् विना किमपि कार्यं सफलं न भविता छात्रेभ्यः अनुशासनं परम् आवश्यकम् अस्ति अनुशासितः छात्रः सर्वेभ्यः प्रियः भविता प्रकृतिः अपि ईश्वरस्य अनुशासने तिष्ठति। यः नरः पूर्णतया अनुशासनं पालयति सः स्वजीवने सदा सफलः भविता अतः अनुशासनस्य पालनं जीवने बहु आवश्यकम् भविता सर्वास्मिन् जगति वयम् नियमं प्रकृतेः अनुशासनं वा पश्यामः। अतएव वैदिक मन्त्रे उच्यते 'सत्यं बृहदतमुग्रम् दीक्षा तपः पृथिवीम् धारयन्ति' इति। एवमेव व्यक्तेः समाजस्य च ।



मनीष बनटा

कला स्नातक प्रथम वर्षम्



सत्संगतिः

सताम् संगतिः सत्संगतिः उच्यते। समाजे कोऽपि नरः समाजात् सर्वथा पृथक् निवसितुम् न शक्नोति। केनापि सह तेन संगः करणीयः एव भविता विदुषाम् मतानुसारेण सताम् एवं संगति करणीय न दुष्टानाम् । यतोहि मानवः यादृशः नरेण सह वसति, तादृशः एव असौ सञ्जायते। ये छात्राः दुष्टैः छात्रैः सह अध्ययनम् कुर्वन्ति तेषां चरित्रः भ्रष्टः जायते, अध्ययने मनः न ददति परीक्षासु च अनुत्तीर्णाः भवन्ति। अतः अस्माभिः सदा सतां संगतिरेव कार्या । यतोहि न केवलम् मनुष्येषु अपितु जडवस्तुषु अपि सङ्गतेः स्पष्ट प्रभावः दृश्यते। चन्दनवृक्षाणाम् मध्ये स्थिताः अन्येऽपि वृक्षाः चन्दनानि एव भवन्ति। धूपेन सह धूमः अपि सुगन्धितः भविता अतः सङ्गतेः प्रभावः निर्विवादः एव।



सरोज कुमारी

कला स्नातक प्रथम वर्षम्

नशायाः लतिः



नशायाः लतिः मानवजीवनस्य एका गम्भीरा समस्या अस्ति। नशा सेवनात् मनुष्यस्य शरीरं च मनः च दुर्बलं भवतः। मद्यपानं, धूम्रपानं तथा अन्यानि नशायुक्तानि पदार्थानि स्वास्थ्याय अत्यन्तं हानिकारकानि सन्ति। नशायाः प्रभावेण मनुष्यः स्वविवेकशक्तिं नश्यति। तस्य आचरणे परिवर्तनं भवति, सः स्वपरिवाराय समाजाय च दुःखस्य कारणं भवति। अनेकानि अपराधकर्माणि दुर्घटनाश्च अपि नशायाः कारणेन एव भवन्ति। किशोरावस्थायां नशायाः लतिः अत्यन्तं घातका भवति, यतः एषा अवस्था भविष्यनिर्माणस्य कालः अस्तित्वानशा मनुष्यस्य लक्ष्यं नाशयति। अतः वयं नशाभ्यः दूरं तिष्ठेम तथा योगाभ्यासः, व्यायामः, सत्संगतिः, सकारात्मकविचाराः च स्वीकर्तव्याः। यतोहि स्वस्थजीवनमेव सफलजीवनस्य आधारः अस्ति।



नितीश कुमारः

कला स्नातक प्रथम वर्षम्



सत्यवचनानि

यः परिश्रमं करोति सः सुखम् प्राप्नोति ।

जो परिश्रम करता है वह सुख को प्राप्त करता है।

निजपितुः आज्ञां पालयत ।

अपने माता पिता की आज्ञा का पालन करो।

सदाचारेण सदा प्रशंसा भवति ।

अच्छे आचरण से सदा प्रशंसा होती है।

विद्याधनं सर्वधनप्रधानम् ।

विद्या रूपी धन सभी धनो मे प्रधान है।

सत्यमेव जयते ।

सत्य की हि जीत होती है।

सत्यम्, परम्, धीमहि ।

हम उस परम् सत्य ईश्वर का ध्यान करते हैं।



अखिल पांचटा

कला स्नातक प्रथम वर्षम्



*Commerce
and
Planning section*

EDITORIAL

Commerce and Planning in a Changing World

Commerce is not just about profit and policy- it is about power, progress, and people. In an era defined by economic uncertainty, technological disruption, and shifting global priorities, the study of commerce has become more relevant than ever.

This edition explores the forces reshaping our economic landscape. As inflation erodes purchasing power, we confront the sinking value of money and its impact on everyday life. The rise of women in business reflects a powerful shift toward inclusion and leadership beyond traditional boundaries. At the same time, concerns over education budgets and the growing youth unemployment crisis highlight the urgent need for stronger investment in skill development and human capital. Policy transformations also take centre stage. The rise in sin taxes under GST 2.0 signals evolving fiscal strategies, while the emerging tariff era is redefining global trade and supply chains. Meanwhile, Artificial Intelligence is revolutionizing agriculture, offering new hope for productivity and sustainability.



Together, these themes reveal a world where commerce is no longer driven by numbers alone, but by innovation, resilience, and strategic vision. This section showcases the insight and critical thinking of our students, whose contributions reflect a deep engagement with today's most pressing economic challenges.

So, we invite you to read, question, and reflect as the future of commerce will be shaped by those who dare to understand it.

Diksha Chauhan

Staff Editor,

Commerce & Planning Section

FROM STUDENT EDITOR'S CORNER

Commerce and planning are not just academic subjects; they are the foundations upon which modern societies grow and sustain themselves. From the smallest local business to global economic systems, thoughtful planning and sound commercial practices shape the opportunities available to individuals and communities alike.

As students exploring this field, we are stepping into a world where decisions about resources, trade, finance, and strategy influence the future. Commerce teaches us how value is created, exchanged, and managed, while planning challenges us to think critically about how economies and organizations can develop sustainably and efficiently.



This section aims to bring together ideas, insights, and discussions that highlight the importance of these disciplines in today's rapidly changing world. Whether we are learning about entrepreneurship, financial systems, economic policies, or development planning, each topic encourages us to look beyond theory and understand how these principles operate in real life.

As student editor, I hope this section becomes a platform for curiosity and thoughtful discussion. The goal is not only to learn concepts but also to question them, apply them, and imagine better economic and planning solutions for the future.

Commerce and planning are ultimately about people - their ambitions, challenges, and the systems they build to support progress. I invite you to explore this section with an open mind and a critical perspective.

Simran Basnet

B.com 3rd year

Student Editor

Commerce & Planning Section

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The Sinking Value of Money: Inflation and Its Impact on Purchasing Power

In today's economy, many people feel that their income is not enough to meet their daily needs, even though their salaries may have increased over time. This situation occurs because the rise in prices, known as inflation, is happening faster than the rise in wages. When this gap widens, purchasing power falls, meaning people can buy fewer goods and services with the same amount of money.



Inflation refers to a general and continuous increase in the prices of goods and services. As prices rise, the value of money decreases. For example, an amount that could earlier buy more food, fuel, or clothing can now buy much less. Wages, on the other hand, are the earnings people receive for their work. While wages do increase occasionally, these

increases are usually slow and often fail to match the rising cost of living. What truly matters is not the amount of money earned, but how much that money can actually buy.

The main reason for purchasing power disparity is the sharp rise in the prices of essential goods such as food, fuel, housing, education, and healthcare. Higher fuel costs and indirect taxes increase production and transportation expenses, which ultimately lead to higher market prices. However, wages are not revised regularly, especially in the private and informal sectors, where many workers do not receive inflation-linked pay increases.

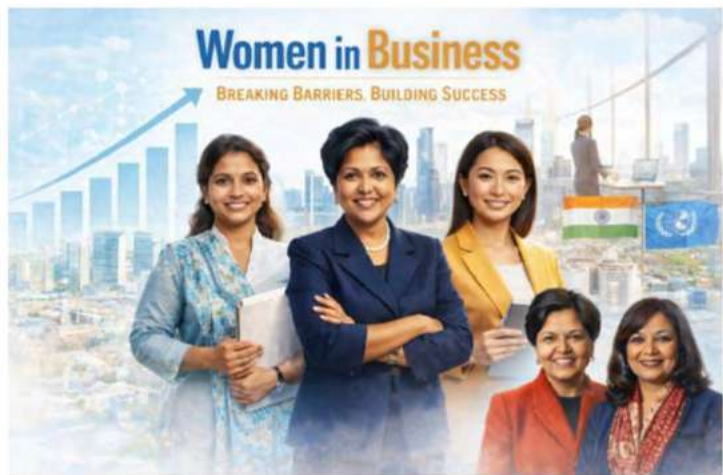
As purchasing power declines, people are forced to cut down on spending and reduce savings. Many families depend on loans to manage their expenses, increasing financial stress and lowering their standard of living. Although institutions like the Reserve Bank of India try to control inflation through monetary policy, wage growth depends largely on employment conditions and productivity. Therefore, unless wages rise in line with inflation, purchasing power will continue to decline, affecting both individuals and the broader economy.

Manisha Negi
B.com 3rd Year

Women in Business: Breaking Barriers and Building Success

Women in business are transforming economies through leadership, innovation, and resilience. Despite facing challenges such as limited access to finance, gender bias, and work-life balance pressures, women have continued to rise, proving their strength and capability in competitive markets. Across industries like technology, healthcare, manufacturing, and finance, women entrepreneurs and executives are building successful enterprises and generating employment. By leading small and medium businesses, they not only achieve financial independence but also promote inclusive growth and community development.

In India, initiatives such as Start-up India and Stand-Up India provide financial and institutional support to women entrepreneurs. Similarly, organizations like UN Women advocate for women's economic empowerment globally.



Prominent leaders such as Indra Nooyi, former CEO of PepsiCo, and Kiran Mazumdar-Shaw, founder of Biocon, exemplify how vision, determination, and strategic thinking can redefine industries and inspire future generations.

In conclusion, women in business represent empowerment and progress. By breaking barriers and building success, they are shaping a more inclusive, balanced, and sustainable economic future.

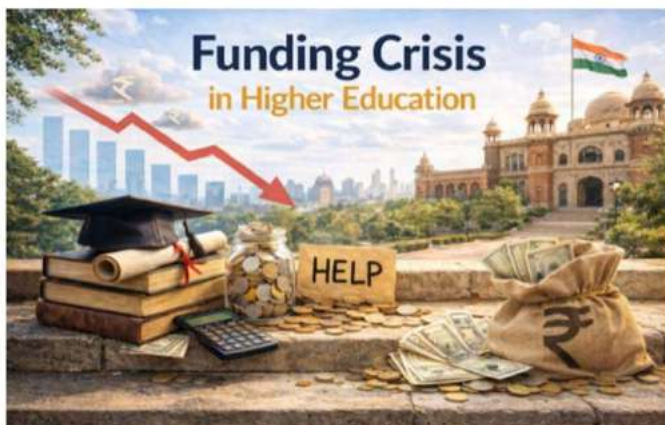
Rohini Rawat

B.com 3rd Year

Education Budget Crises: Are Countries Spending Enough on Public Universities

Across the world, public universities are facing increasing financial pressure as governments struggle to balance limited resources with growing demands for quality higher education. Public universities play a vital role in national development by producing skilled graduates, promoting research and innovation, and supporting social mobility. However, in many

countries, public funding has not kept pace with rising student enrolment, inflation, technological advancement, and research costs. As a result, universities are often forced to increase tuition fees, reduce staff, cut academic programs, or rely heavily on private funding sources.



In countries like India, higher education has expanded rapidly over the last two decades, but budget allocations for public universities remain limited compared to developed nations. Government expenditure on education as a percentage of GDP is still below the recommended 6% target suggested by national

education policies. Similarly, in the United States, although universities receive significant funding, state support for public institutions has declined in many regions, shifting more financial burden onto students through higher tuition fees and student loans. On the other hand, countries like Germany and Finland invest heavily in public higher education and, in some cases, offer free or low-cost tuition, viewing education as a public good rather than a private investment.

The consequences of insufficient funding are serious. Underfunded universities may struggle to maintain infrastructure, update laboratories, support research, and attract qualified faculty. This can reduce the global competitiveness of institutions and limit opportunities for students from low-income backgrounds. Moreover, inadequate investment in research can slow national progress in science, technology, and innovation.

Itish Sharma

B.com 1st Year

Rise in Sin Tax under GST 2.0

Sin tax is a special form of taxation imposed on goods and activities considered harmful to individuals or society, such as tobacco, pan-masala, sugary drinks, and certain luxury products. In India, the purpose of sin tax is twofold that is to discourage unhealthy consumption and to generate revenue for public welfare, especially healthcare. A major change came with GST 2.0, approved on 22 September 2025 by the GST Council. The reform simplified the earlier complex tax system by removing the previous 12 percent

Commerce and Planning Section

and 28 percent slabs and introducing a streamlined structure. Under the new system, most goods fall under either 5 percent or 18 percent, while harmful and luxury goods are placed in



a single high tax category of 40 percent. Previously, under GST 1.0, sin goods were taxed at 28% along with an additional compensation cess. GST 2.0 replaced this combination with a consolidated 40% rate, eliminating the separate cess while maintaining government revenue.

This ensures that prices of harmful goods remain high, reducing demand and protecting public health. The rise in sin tax reflects the government's broader policy approach of using taxation as a tool to influence behaviour. By making harmful products more expensive, the policy aims to reduce lifestyle-related diseases while simultaneously funding national development and health programs.

Abhinav and Harish

B.com 2nd year

Future of Agriculture with AI

Agriculture is one of the oldest human activities, but today it is transforming with modern technology. Due to population growth, climate change, and limited resources, traditional farming methods are no longer sufficient. Technologies like Artificial Intelligence (AI), drones, and smart farming are changing how food is grown and managed.



In Karnataka, farmers have started using AI-powered mobile apps that provide real-time advice on crop health and pest control. These tools analyse satellite images and data to warn farmers about

diseases in advance, helping them increase crop yield. The Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers Welfare is also promoting AI-based innovations to modernize farming. Drones are

Commerce and Planning Section

another important advancement. They help monitor crops, spray fertilizers and pesticides, and reduce labour and costs. Under the Government of India's Kisan Drone Scheme, farmers in states like Punjab use drones to spray pesticides, saving 40–50% of chemicals and reducing health risks.

Smart farming combines AI, sensors and automation. Sensors measure soil moisture and nutrients, while automated irrigation systems save water and energy. These technologies improve efficiency, reduce chemical use, and increase crop quality and yield. In conclusion, AI, drones, and smart farming are creating a smarter, more sustainable future for agriculture. These innovations will help meet future food demands while protecting the environment.

Nidhi and Rupali

B.com Ist Year

The Rising Tariff Era: How New Global Tariffs are reshaping World Trade

Global trade has entered what many analysts call a new “tariff era,” marked by rising import duties and expanding trade restrictions that are reshaping economic relations. After decades of declining barriers under the World Trade Organization (WTO), recent years especially 2025–2026 have experienced some of the most significant tariff increases in modern history, signalling a shift from liberalization to protectionist and strategic policies. A key example is the trade tension between the United States and China, where mutual tariffs have raised costs, disrupted trade flows, and increased global uncertainty. Although tariffs aim to protect domestic industries and reduce trade imbalances, they often trigger retaliatory measures, leading to escalating restrictions.



Rising tariffs are also restructuring global supply chains. Companies now prioritize reliability, geopolitical stability, and reduced tariff exposure over cost efficiency alone. Many are relocating production to countries with favourable trade agreements,

strengthening regional trade blocs and accelerating trade diversion. Higher tariffs increase

production costs for businesses reliant on imported inputs, often resulting in higher consumer prices. Global trade growth has slowed, and uncertainty has risen. The WTO has warned that continued escalation could weaken merchandise trade and undermine confidence in the global trading system.

Overall, the tariff era marks a fundamental shift in global commerce. Trade is increasingly shaped by strategic and geopolitical priorities rather than pure efficiency. While globalization is not reversing, it is evolving into a more regionalized and politically influenced system, with long-term outcomes depending on future cooperation or rivalry among nations.

Simran Basnet

B.com 3rd Year

Youth Unemployment Crisis and Budget Allocation for Skill Development

Youth unemployment is one of the most pressing challenges faced by modern economies, especially in developing countries like India. Despite a rising number of educated young people, many remain unemployed due to a lack of job-oriented skills. This reflects a serious gap between academic education and the requirements of the job market.



The education system largely focuses on theoretical knowledge, while employers seek practical skills, technical expertise, and adaptability. As a result, industries face a shortage of skilled workers, and youth struggle to find suitable employment. Prolonged unemployment

leads to financial insecurity, mental stress, and social inequality.

In this situation, budget allocation for skill development becomes extremely important. Investment in skill development is an investment in human capital. Adequate funding helps promote vocational training, industry-linked courses, and modern skills such as digital literacy and communication skills. Effective skill development programs can improve employability, encourage self-employment, and reduce youth unemployment, contributing to sustainable economic growth. To solve this crisis, budget allocation for skill development is

very important. Spending on skill development should be seen as an investment, not a burden. Government funding can help in opening skill training centres, promoting vocational courses, and providing industry-based training programs. Skill development programs help youth learn practical skills such as digital skills, technical skills, communication skills, and entrepreneurial abilities. These programs also encourage self-employment and reduce overdependence on government jobs. With proper planning and budget support, skill development can reduce youth unemployment and help in overall national development.

Rishika Sharma

B.com Ist Year



पहाड़ी अनुभाग

हाटकेश्वरी पत्रिका
2025-26

सम्पादकीय

म्हारो हिमाचल प्रदेश सिर्फ पहाड़ों और घाटियों रो प्रदेश नहीं, यह ऋषि मुनियों रे , देवताओं रो वासस्थान और लोक संस्कृति रे जीते जागते पाठशाला असअ। जेती बढिया म्हारो प्रदेश तेती ही बढिया म्हारे प्रदेशअ रे माणिछ और इन सभी खू भी बढिया म्हारे प्रदेशअ दे बोले जाणे आले भाषा म्हारे पहाड़ी भाषा। ऐअ तअ सभी के पता कि आमें पहाड़ी भाषा बोली लेकिन म्हारे कॉलेजअ दा पहाड़ी भाषा लिखणे रा भी मौका मिलअ। म्हारे कॉलेजअ दे हर वर्ष " हाटकेश्वरी " नाअ रे एक पत्रिका प्रकाशित हअ। इय हाटकेश्वरी पत्रिके दी कॉलेजअ री पूरे सालअ री गतिविधियां और इच्छुक विद्यार्थी रे लेख भी प्रकाशित भी हअ। कॉलेजअ रे विद्यार्थी खी खुले छूट हअ कि आपणी-आपणी रुचि अनुसार हिंद; अंग्रेजी और पहाड़ी भाषा दे अपने आर्टिकल लिखअ और मुझे बड़ा ही गर्व और खुशे महसूस हुआ की हर साल पहाड़ी अनुभागअ रे प्रति विद्यार्थी रे रुचि बड़दे ही लागेंदे। इन विद्यार्थियों खे थोड़ा हि जाअ बोलनो की फटाफट पहाड़ी भाषा दे कई तरह रे लेख लिखिअ आणअ। जिणोंकि आमु पहाड़ी लोगअ रा रहन-सहन; संस्कृति; आजकाली नशे रा; चिट्टे रा प्रचार; कई तरह रे फैशन; मोबाइलअ रा इस्तेमाल आजकाली आवारा पशुओं रे दुर्गति जिणे विषय तथा ताँई भी कई तरह री नई खबरी काये आपणे विचार लिखिअ आण और इय हाटकेश्वरी पत्रिके रे माध्यमअ खू माणछअ-माणछअ ताँई पहुंचाणे रे कोशिश करअ और आपणी भाषा और संस्कृति को इसी तरह सुरक्षित भी रखणे रे कोशिश करअ। मेर तरफअ तामु सभी विद्यार्थी खी ढेर सारी शुभकामनायें और आशा करूँ कि अगले बरशअ छापणे आली पत्रिका दे भी म्हारे विद्यार्थी रा योगदान इणा ही मिलदा रहणा चाहीं



डॉ. सुमित्रा चौहान

प्राध्यापक संपादक

पहाड़ी अनुभाग

छात्र संपादकीय

पहाड़ रे लोग भोले- भाले से हेरो आपणे धाण,

पहाड़ म्हारी शान, पहाड़ी भाषा म्हारी पहचान।

सोबी दु पहले मां हाटेश्वर रे चोरणों दो मेरो शत शत नमन। जिनो रे प्रांगणों दू हमारों कॉलेज सरस्वतीनगर असअ। ऐती बासिये आ धोन्यावाद कोरु प्रॉ० सुमित्रा चौहान मैडम जी रा जिन्ये हाअ हाटेश्वरी' पत्रिका रा सम्पादक चाणा। हाटकेश्वर पत्रिका' म्हारे सरस्वती नगर कॉलेजअ रे मशहूर पत्रिका असौ। ए पत्रिका हर साल छौंपौ। एजी बरशौ रे नौवे पत्रिका तामू सबी आगू पेश असअ। इयंअ पत्रिके दे कॉलेज रे नवै-नवै लेखक और लेखिके रे लेख कवितै, निबन्ध, कहाणी बगैरा असअ। आजकाल के नवै जमाने रै छोट-छोरु खै आपणी बोली थोडी कम ई आअ, पर कुछ नौजवान छोट-छोरु ये पहाड़ी बोल दै आर्टिकल लिखणे रे खूब बड़िया कोशिश किये। एथ रा एक फायदा एजा भी हुआ कि छोट-छोरु आपणी माटी, आपणी बोली ओर आपणी पहाड़ी संस्कृति रे बारे दो बी सूँचो और तैअखू जुड़ने रे बी कोशिश बी किए। म्हारे रति-रिवाज म्हारा चाल-चलन, म्हारे लोकगीत, नाच-गाणा, खाणा-पीणा देवी-देवते. रिश्ते-नातै, म्हारी बोली रै नवै-पुराणै शब्द-ए सब कुछ म्हार नवी पीड़ी रै ई बचाऊणो। एजी बैरे र पत्रिके र तैई छोट-छोरुए आर्टिकल लिखणे दे खूब मैहनत किए। तिदरे लिखदें आर्टिकल पत्रिके दै छापदें असअ। पहाड़ी अनुभाग रै सब आर्टिकल तामू सबी खै आछे लागोले, म्हारे इणे आशा असअ।



धन्यवाद,

अमित कुमार

कला स्नातक तृतीय

अनुक्रमांक

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- 3 शिक्षा रा महत्व
- 4 फॉस्ट फूडो रा नुकषाण
- 5 पहाड़ी पहचान
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आवारा पशु

हामे हिमाचलअ रे लोग गांव दे रहअणे आले अस्ति। म्हारी ताई गाऊ एक जानवर नाहि बल्कि माता स्वरूप अस्ति। पर आजकाली सअइकी दे बाजारो दे उन जानवरों रे जो हाल हामे देखी तिन देखियो बौड़ो ह दुःख होअ। बाजारों दे सअइकी दे घुमणे आले ए पअशु आज एक बअड़ी समस्या बअणी गे। पुराणे जमाने दे हर घरअ दे गाऊ - बाश्टू होअ थे। पर आज जिणो ह गाविये दूध दिणो बंद कौरो तिणे ह लोगे राति - विराति सअइकी दे छोड़े। तैबे ह तो कलयुग आएगो। हामे गाऊ माता सअइकी दे छोड़े और कुकुर घरअ दे छाडे साथि बअड़ी - बअड़ी गाड़ी दे कुकुरअ घुमाओ जू आज एक फैशन बौणेगा। हमारे देवी - देवता भी कुकुरो नाहिं मानदे जेथो रा युवाओं मानिछअ गाई उल्टा असर पौड़अ। का म्हारे श्रद्धा गावी रे प्रति सिर्फ दूध पिणे ताई थे? गाऊशाला तो वौणी द पर सअइकी गाई इन जानवरो रे एतडे भीड़ क्यों? ऐ सवाल हामे खू आपणे आप पूछणे चाह। हिमाचलअ रा किसान पहले ह बांदरेअ और जंगल जानवरो खु परेशान था पर ऐबे आवारा पशु खेतो रे बाड़ चोड़ियो सारे फसल बर्बाद कौरो। कई जमींदार तो खेती कौरनो खू ह डरअ। जेथो रा कारण भी हामे लोग ह औसो जू ईन पशु ईणे ह आवारा छोड़ो। गाऊ दा टैगिंग लाणे बासिये भी गावी आवारा छोड़ो, तिन माणिछअ गाई सख्त कारवाही होणे चांही, साथी सरकारअ रा फर्ज है कि गाऊ खी गऊशाला रा पूरा प्रबंध कअरना चाह। आज काल ट्रू-वीलर चलाउणा बअड़ा रिस्की होयेगा, राती रे अंधेरे दे ए पशु बीच सेअइकी दे बोठदे नौजर ह नहं आदें। जेथे कौरे इन्दरा एकसीडेंटस रा खौतरा बौडे गा और एजी बजह खू बेगुनहा इन्सानअ र जान भी डेओ तौई बेजुबान जानवरो द भी चोट लागो। हामु महाविद्यालयअ रे छात्र होणे रे नाते सिर्फ सरकारअ दा दोष नहं दे सकदे आमु आपमें भी कुछ कदम उठाणे चाह। ऐअर रोकथामअ दे।



1. आपणे गाँव है लोग समझाउणे चाहं की आवारा पशु नहं छोड़णे चाह ये कानूनी अपराध होअ।
2. पशुओं र टैगिंग को बढ़ावा देणा चाहं ताकि मालिकअ रे पहचान होए सौको। जे आज हामु, चुप रोहे तौ काल हमारे पहाड़ लावारिस पशुओं रे अड्डे बौणो ले, आमु इन समस्याम सुलझाने रा योगदान देणा चाह ताकि देवभूमि रे साख बच

आंचल शर्मा

कला स्नातक द्वितीय वर्ष

गांव - चेबडी

शांत महायज्ञ झड़ग

शांत महायज्ञ 2025 रा आयोजन हिमाचल प्रदेशअ रे शिमला जिले र तहसील जुब्बलअ रे झड़ग गाओं दो 4 दिसम्बर दु 6 दिसम्बर 2025 ताई सफलतापूर्वक हुआ। एजो महायज्ञ देवी - देवताओ र पवित्र परंपरा दु जुड़ो दो धार्मिक एवं सांस्कृतिक आयोजन असअ जिं दे हजारो श्रद्धालुओं रे भाग लिया। झड़ग गांअ देवता नागेश्वर जी महाराजअ रो पवित्र स्थान मानअ। महायज्ञ दु गेणीज पुरे गांअ छः वर्षअ गेणीज दु तैयारिया शुरू कर डी थी। गांअ द साफ - सफाई, शड़क, पाणी, बिजली साथी मेहमानअ रे स्वागत खी खास इंतजाम किया दा था।



गेणका दस (04 दिसम्बर 2025) सघेड़ा

गेणके दुस अलग- अलग देवी - देवते आए। गांअ आले ढोल- नगाडे साथी तिन्दरो स्वागत कियो देवते री हाजरी लाई, तेती बासिए प्रेणे रीति रिवाज निभाए।

दजो दज (05 दिसम्बर 2025) शीखा फेर

दुजे दुस मुख्य पूजा - पाठ तौई खास अनुष्ठान किए। देवते फेर गाडा जिंदे पुरे गांअ रे माणिछ शामिल हुए। तेती वासिए विशाल भंडारे रा इंतजाम हुआ, जिंदे हजारों भक्ते प्रसाद ग्रहण किया।

चिजो दस (06 दिसम्बर 2025) उछड पाछड

चिजे दुस विदाई रे कार्यक्रम रा इंतजाम किया। सारे देवी - देवते पारंपरिक ढोंगो दु विदा किए।

एजे शांत महायज्ञ दे बादे गांअ आले, देवता कमेट साथी प्रशासनअ रा महत्वपूर्ण योगदान रआ। एजा इंतजाम धार्मिक आस्थाअ, सांस्कृतिक एकते साथी सामाजिक सहयोगअ रा प्रतीक असअ।

निखिल पांचटा

कला स्नातक तृतीय वर्ष

गांव - चेबडी

शिक्षा रा महत्व

शिक्षा माण्डअ रे जीवनअ रे सबसे जरूर चीज असअ । जोबे लोकडे स्कूलअ खे डैओ ती-से किताबअई नाह , पढदे आच्छे बुरे रे सोमझ भी शिखअ । शिक्षा माण्डअ खै सुचणे सोमझणे, गौंउ बौढणे री ताकत भी देअ । आजके जमाने दो शिक्षा बिना जीवन अधूरु असअ । जेखै पढ़नो लिखणो आओ से सारे काम सुंची समझिय करअ । शिक्षा माण्डअ आपणे लातौ गाए खड़ो रहणो शिखाओ । स्कूलअ दे माश्टर पढ़ाअ ह नाह बल्कि संस्कार भी देअ । शिक्षे खु आत्मविश्वास आअ तंअई सामाज दे इज्जत भी मिलअ । आजके जमाने दा पढ़ने लिखणे रा ढंग भी बदलिगोआ । मोबाइल, कंप्यूटर और इंटरनेटअ दु लोकडे नअई-नअई चीजअ शिखअ ।



अंतः दो बस एतहि बोलनो चांह
" शिक्षा जीवनअ रे असली रोशनी असअ और
सभी लोकडे खै शिक्षा जरूर मिलणे चांही ।"

अखिल पांचटा
कला स्नातक प्रथम वर्ष
गांव - चेबडी

फाँस्ट फूडो रा नुकषाण

आज काले फाँस्ट फूड खाणे रो चलन भौर बोडढो लागोदो। लोकडे चाएँ बूडे कोई नई मानदें खाणे खी, ऐबे तिण कूण समझाओ, ए, केती हानीकारक शर रों खी, इन फास्ट फूडो दो भौर का तेल ,लूण, मसाले तौयों रसायन आदि होअ। जू शर रों भीतरी केई सारे खतरनाक रोग लाओं । जेओ रो कोई इलाज भी नाह मिल्दो। तौयों शरीरों द चोरबी भी बढ़ाओं । फास्ट फूड पचदो भी नाई शिगढ़ी-शिगढ़ी तेति बासिये होए पेट दर्द शुर रो दू ठीक रोणे खी आमूं घौर रो गरम गरम स्वस्थ तोयों पौष्टिक रोट , खाणी जाओ। गावी रो ताजो दूध , घी तई बगीचे रा होरा भूलका (सब्जी)खाणा चाहि। जेथे कौर शरीर हष्ट-पुष्ट होअ। ठौरदे भी नाई तई खौरचा भी बचअ हौस्पिटलो रा। तौयों आणे आले पिढें स्वस्थ और हष्ट-पुष्ट होअ।



ऋषभ रानटा
कला स्नातक द्वितीय वर्ष
गांव संसोग

पहाड़ी पहचान

शिमला सिर्फ आपणे बाठणे पहाड़अ और दिआ (बर्फ) र कर खातिर हो मशहूर नी बल्कि से आपणी समृद्ध संस्कृति र खातिर खातिर भी मशहूर असअ। इअ र पहाड़ी भाषा, पहाड़ी नाट, जातरअ, मेले, लोकगीत, त्यौहार और देव परंपरा ही इअरी असली पहचान असअ। जेबी भी गाँव दा कोई त्यौहार या मेला होऊ तै बादेए झणेअ कअठे होइ त्यौहार मनाअ। गाँव के सारे लोग आपणे घर है बड़े - पोलडू डलकी - भात, लअटै, बैडनै सिङ्कू, मक्की र रोट और बैङ्नी रोट आदि पारंपरिक पकवान चाणअ। पर आजकालकै लोग आपणे पारंपरिक पकवान बिसरी गैअ। हे बाहरअ रा ही खाना खाणा ज्यादा पसंद



करअ। सभी खू बढ़िया मू इअ रा पहनावा लागअ। सूट, डाटू, सदरे, गाचे और झुङ्के इअ रा पहनावा असअ। इअ रा पहनावा हमार संस्कृति र शान बढ़ाओं। पर आजकालकै लोगअ रे सोच भी नए जमाने साथी नए होई लागे। ऐब के माणिछ आपणा पहनावा कम और दूजे देशअ रा पहनावा पहनना ज्यादा पसंद जमाने करअ। पैलकेए जमाने दे लोग जेबी भरी दीआ (बर्फ) पड़अ थे, तेबी लोग घरअ खू बाहर नाई डेअ थे। तै तेब के लोग बाकरे रो मीट काटिअ तेअ टांगिऊ रखअ थे और पूर सदीं सेजो ह मीट खाअ थे। सेजो दूस बकरदअ रे रूपअ दो मनाअ थे और सारे लोगअ रे घरअ खे भरी का मेहमान आअ थे। ऐबे माणिछे ऐजो रिवाज ही छोड़ दो। ऐबे नाई बोददेए कोई मेहमान, ऐबे होअ बस आपणे घरअ रे लोग ही। आजकाले सारे टेल विजन, फोन दे ह हो, से बुजुर्ग, साथी नाई जपदेए पहले रे लोग रोज बुजुर्गअ, खू कहानी शुणअ थे। ऐब के लोकड़े नाई तिन आगू बोठदे भी नाई। आजकाले रे नई पीढ़ रे लोग आपणे घर-परिवारअ रे लोगअ साथी बात करने कम करडे। आजकाले रे लोकड़े मोबाइल और टेलीविजन र बजह खू ज्यादातर परिवारअ खू अलग रहणा ह पसंद करअ। पैले जिणे मिल - झूलिअ त्यौहार मनाणे रे परंपरा थे है ऐबे धीरे- धीरे खत्म होई लागे।, जबेअ ईणी ही रअ लो तै हमार संस्कृति खत्म होणी दा ज्यादा टाइम नाई। हे सिर्फ किताब दे ह रअल। आजकाले जरूरत एजी बातअ रे असअ कि आमु आपणी पहाड़ी भाषा बोलने चांह, आमु आपणे त्यौहार मनाणे चाँह और आमु आपणे परंपरा अपनाणे चांह।

हांऊ हाटेकेश्वर पत्रिका रा धन्यवाद करना चाऊ जिनिऐ मूखे मेर संस्कृति रे बारे दो लिखणे रा मौका देआ, जअर बजह खू हमार संस्कृति सुरक्षित रई पाऊ।

मनीषा

कला स्नातकोत्तर प्रथम

गांव - चेबड़ी

क्रम सख्या	कहावत		अर्थ
1	डोको दी जाले	;-	मूर्खतापूर्ण व्यवहार करना
2	लोगो री चुंगली लागो मीठी	;-	दूसरो की बुराई करना अच्छा लगता है
3	शावण हरो न भादो शुको	;-	एक जैसी व्यवस्था
4	अपणी बोली अपणी शान	;-	अपनी बोली या भाषा सबसे अच्छी
5	देरो रा काँगना देरो दा	;-	जो बेकार व्यक्ति होता है, उसकी घर वापसी होती है
6	बुजुर्गो बिना, घर सूणा	;-	बिना बुजुर्गो के घर खाली लगता है
7	निछले छाते, मईले माटे	;-	साफ हृदय वाले के लिए सभी दरवाजे खुले होते हैं
8	भौरी रो हाथ बौंठे रो मुंह	;-	मेहनती लोगो के हाथचलते हैं, आलसी व्यक्ति सिर्फ बाते करते हैं



नशे री समस्या

नशा आज समाजे दे एक गंभीर समस्या बौणी गोए । नशा माणिछेअ रे परिवार तई जिंदगी गाए बुरा प्रभाव पाअ कुछ माणीछ गेअणी शौकअ दे या दोस्तअ रे बोलणे गाई नशा शुरू करअ पर तीण धीरे-धीरे नशे रे आदत लागी जाअ ।



नशा करने खू शरीरअ दी भौरी का बीमारियां होअ। नशा करने वाले माणिछ दी फेफड़ों री बीमारी तई कैंसर भी होअ। नशे खू माणिछ री सोचणे समझणे री शक्ति कम होई जाअ।

नशा केवल माणिछ नाई बल्कि तेयरे पूरे परिवारोअ नष्ट करअ। नशा करने वाला माणिछ घरअ दा झगड़ा करअ। तअई तेयर आर्थिक परेशानी और सामाजिक बदनामी भी होअ। ऐथे खी हामु नशे खू दूर रहणा चाहि। तअई दूजे खे भी नशे रे नुकसान बोलणो चाही।

अमित कुमार
कला स्नातक तृतीय वर्ष

शिवरात्रि

जेहोकी तुमा सारा खा पअतो से शिवरात्रे देवो रा देव महादेवा रा तैर आस्ति । ऐओ तैर फागुण मीहना दे मोनाहि । ऐस तैयोआरा मनाणा पाछु एक वज़ा ऐ। ऐहो माना हि के ऐजा दुस शिव जी और पार्वती रे शादे हुए थे। ऐहो बोलाह के ऐजा दुसु शिवजी शिवलिंगा दे प्रकट हुआ था। आमारा बाटे ऐजा दुसु लोग ब्रअत कोराहि ।



ब्रअता साथै लोग दूध - चाआ पीयाई । सारा दूस आमारा चाणना रो काम होअआ । जैहोकी बअडा, पोअलडू, गुलुआ, शाकूअल , पोअला और बाकरा ऐथ चाणाई । तेबा फिरी जअट चाणाई,जेन्दे

बोम्बेले, जो, छामरो कीप लाई। तेबा मण्डल चाणाई, जिन्दे गाहे तेला रो दीयो छाडाई । तेबा तीछे गोबरा रहे पार्वती, महादेओ और चावला रे पअंतरा साथे माट रे ढेलखे छाडाई । जेबा लोगा रा चाणिया, बाणिया से तेवा सारा परिवारा साथी आपणो ब्रअत पूजाई । जिअरा ब्रअत होआई छाडदा, तेबा से ब्रअत चोड़णना खे छीदा मांगाई।

जो फिर बाघ, हनुमान,कुकुर होआई चाणादा, तीऊँ जिशी 4 बज़ा उठियो आपणा डोखरा दे दाबाई और जअट छाडाई बार। शिवरात्रि रा दुजा दुसु आपणी धीया - धैन्टी खी घिट्टी नियाई शिवरात्रे ब्रअता छाड़ना रो तैर नाई ऐ ऐओ आपणा भीतरा रा रोहा, घमंड रो नाह कअरेओ उजाले रा दुस होआऐ ।

नेहा पांगनेटा
कला स्नातक द्वितीय वर्ष
गाँव - थाना

शिवरात्रि

जेहोकी तुमा सारा खा पअतो से शिवरात्रे देवो रा देव महादेवा रा तैर आस्ति । ऐओ तैर फागुण मीहना दे मोनाहि । ऐस तैयोआरा मनाणा पाछु एक वज़ा ऐ। ऐहो माना हि के ऐजा दुस शिव जी और पार्वती रे शादे हुए थे। ऐहो बोलाह के ऐजा दुसु शिवजी शिवलिंगा दे प्रकट हुआ था। आमारा बाटे ऐजा दुसु लोग ब्रअत कोराहि ।



ब्रअता साथै लोग दूध - चाआ पीयाई । सारा दूस आमारा चाणना रो काम होअआ । जैहोकी बअडा, पोअलडू, गुलुआ, शाकूअल , पोअला और बाकरा ऐथ चाणाई । तेबा फिरी जअट चाणाई,जेन्दे बोम्बेले, जो, छामरो कीप लाई। तेबा मण्डल चाणाई, जिन्दे गाहे तेला रो दीयो छाडाई । तेबा तीछे गोबरा रहे पार्वती, महादेओ और चावला रे पअंतरा साथे माट रे ढेलखे छाडाई । जेबा लोगा रा चाणिया, बाणिया से तेवा सारा परिवारा साथी आपणो ब्रअत पूजाई । जिअरा ब्रअत होआई छाडदा, तेबा से ब्रअत चोड़णना खे छीदा मांगाई।

जो फिर बाघ, हनुमान,कुकुर होआई चाणादा, तीऊँ जिशी 4 बज़ा उठियो आपणा डोखरा दे दाबाई और जअट छाडाई बार। शिवरात्रि रा दुजा दुसु आपणी धीया - धैन्टी खी घिट्टी नियाई शिवरात्रे ब्रअता छाड़ना रो तैर नाई ऐ ऐओ आपणा भीतरा रा रोहा, घमंड रो नाह कअरेओ उजाले रा दुस होआऐ ।

नेहा पांगनेटा
कला स्नातक द्वितीय वर्ष
गाँव - थाना

“की गाँव रा विकास एक से महान। आच्छो आदमी ही कर सोको और सैं आदमी ऐ प्रो० चन्दर सेन रांगटा”।

अलका राज
कला स्नातक तृतीय वर्ष
गांव मंदोल



पहाड़ी काहवते

क्रम सख्या	कहावत		अर्थ
1	पाथा गोआ भौरे शिए खे गोआ डौरे	;-	आधा काम कर दिया है, जो बाकी बचा था उस काम को करने से डर गए
2	जीणों देखो तिनो शिखो	;-	जैसे कोई बड़ा कुछ करता है तो छोटा उसको देख के सीखता है।
3	जेसे कमाइले तोबे ई खाइणे	;-	जब कुछ कमाएंगे तभी खा सकेंगे
4	जीणो बौइलो तिणो ही काटो	;-	जैसे बोएंगे वैसे ही काटने को आएंगों
5	कुकुरो रो खाओ, लागो कुकुर ह पाछू	;-	जो बुरा करता है, हम फिर भी उसके पीछे ही जाते हैं
6	बुजुर्गो र बात पाथरो र लकीर	;-	बुजुर्गो का अनुभव अमूल्य होता है
7	सस्ता रोओ बार-बार महँगा रोगओ एक बार	;-	महंगी चीज के लिए एक बार रोना पड़ता है, बलिक सस्ती चीज के लिए एक बार-बार रोना पड़ता है।

अभिजा शर्मा।
कला स्नातक द्वितीय वर्ष
गांव - नंदपर

म्हारी पंचायती रै प्रधान

म्हारी पंचायती रै प्रधाने रो नांव प्रो० चन्दर रागटां ओसो ए। से ग्राम पंचायत मण्डोल रै शिक्षित, मेहनती और कर्मठ प्रधान ओसो ए। जिनो की नांव दू ई पता चाली लागों की से पहले सीमा कॉलेज (रोहड़) दे प्रोफेसर ओसो थे। तैयए आपणी कार्यकाले दो हद बढ़िया काम कियो दो ए। तैयए सोभी गाँव रे हर घोरो तथा मन्दिरों द लाइट (street light) लाई।

प्रो: चन्दर रागटा, जीए आपणे कार्यकालो दे पंचायत भवनों रे मुरमत करवाई तैयए ग्राम पंचायत मण्डोल दी पुस्तकालय रो निर्माण कियो तोई इन्डे इंटरनेटो री सुविधा दिणे। तैयए पंचायत दी wifi री सुविधा भी दिणे। तैयए जोकि आपणी गाँव पंचायतो दे आशो तिन्दरो whatsapp group भी चाणों ताकी जेती भी information सूचनाएं से सभी तेई पहुंचा। तैयए सामूहिक सेवा केन्द्र रो



Community service centre निर्माण कोरो। तैयए स्कूलो दू वोडो मैदान चाणो ताकि लोकडे आरामो रो खेलो रे। तैयए मण्डोल, जोटता, बन्टाडी देवनगरो दे सड़क खोले। तैयए प्लास्टिक, अपशिष्ट प्रबंधनो रे सुविधा लोगों खी दिणी। तैयए लोगों रे स्वास्थ्य रो ध्यान छाड़ों तेई तिन्खी open gym जीभो रा निर्माण किया तैयए बस अड्डे दे शौचालय रा निर्माण किया जिन्हें गाहीबिले जिसे काम कोरने आले खी

रोहणे खी सुविधा भी ओसो। तैयए ग्राम पंचायतों रे हर घोरो द सस्ते रेटों द Street light उपलब्ध करवाए। तोई महिला मंडल साथी दूई सफाई जागरूकता अभियान भी कोरो। 9 वर्ष बासिये मण्डोल दो क्रिकेट टूर्नामेंट आयोजित कोरो। तैयए मण्डोलो दे रक्तु दान शिविर शिविरो रो आयोजन करवाओं। तैयए (rainwater harvesting) वर्षा जल संचयनों री तई तालाब चाणे ताकि मानिछ खी सिंचाई कोरने की पानी री परेशानी न हो। तैयए हर गांव दो कूड़ेदान रो प्रबंध कियो। तैयए म्हारे गांव दे जू गरीबी सीमा दे माणिच्छ थे तिन्खी घरों रो केस चाणो और तिन्दरे घोर ऐसे बोनीगे। तैयए म्हारे गांव दो सार्वजनिक शौचालय चाणो। तैयए म्हारे गांव री बाटें दी पाक्की इटें, टाइल लाई छाडी।

म्हारे गांव रे प्रधाने री तारीफे दो जेती भी तारीफ हाऊं लिखुं तैती कम।

जिणे म्हारे गाँव रै प्रधान ए तिणे सारे गांव रै प्रधान होले ते से दूस दूर नाहीं जेबी पूरा हिमाचल तोई पूरा भारत सूले - सूले विकसित होलो।

शिवरात्रि रो त्यौहार

ईणो होआ शिवरात्री रो त्योहार। शिवरात्री पूर दुनिया मनाव। सभी का पैला माणुच घौरा रे साफ सफाए कौरा। शिवरात्रि ग पन्द्रा दूस पैला माणुच मैदा री शाकणी ढालणा ताबा जेई शिवरात्रि क चिन दूस रोआ ताबा शिवरात्रि रे पूरे तैयारे जा कौरने। सभी का पैला होआ माशरूणी तिनका माणिच माश पा रूणक दुजा होआ खाणी पिणी तिनका माणिच माश धोआ पिशा मशोल्दू चाणा तोईयां मशीओटो चाणा। नेओजक मशोल्दू छाणा औल आपूक जू मशोल्दू मशीओटो हौआ छाणादा तैरी होआ मारा खाणी पिणी। चिजा दूस होआ मारा पूजणी जैकखे शिवरात्रि बोला एक माणिच आणे मारा नैईया धोइया बावडी का साफ पाणे। ताबा चाणी दूई पोलणा एक एक चाणा गिशक रोटे। ताबा जालणा तै गिश आगरवत्ते। माणुच शिवरात्रि रा दूस बौरत छाडा कुछ नई खादा पिदा झिशी ओरू बैली तई सिर्फ पिया चा। ताबा ए बासिया एक मणिच चाणा भरमेली रो मादेओ। शिवरात्री ग दूस माणिच पोल्डू मशोल्दू शाकणी चूलणा प्रशाद चावलाणा री पिन्ट बकौडा बाकरा रौत्रां-2 रा पकवान चाचा। तांबा फिरी छौए बाजद घौरा रो जू मूखिया हौआ ताबा मौडल लिखा। मौडलां रा बीचद दीओ छाडा मौडलणां रा फेरा जू जू चिजा मारा चाणिद होआ तै फेरा सजावा। ताबा मादेव गीश खिलिद ला तेती बासिया घौरा रा सभी माणुच इक्ठो होआ ताबा बारी - बारीया महादेवा रे घनैरेया कौरा पूजा। पूजा कौरा बासिया ताबा जू सभी रंगा रा पकवान होआ चाणांदा तैआ इक्ठो कौरैया सभी पकवान कौरैया सतनाजो चाणा ताबा सभी का पैला भोग गांवक छाडा। तै बासिया सभीक दैआ। भोगा खाएया ताबा सभी गंगा जौल पिया। तेरी बासिया खा बाद ताबा बैलणे ताबा बारी राते जा दीओ जागो ताबा झिशी चैऊ बाद महादेव बारा निआ इणी होआ मारा शिवरात्री।



अनुष्का

कला स्नातक द्वितीय वर्ष

गांव - दारोटी



IT Section

Editorial

Dear reader, I welcome you to the Information & Technology (IT) section of the college magazine. In the modern era, IT plays a crucial role in our lives and all of us are using IT tools on daily basis. It is our hope that the present section of the college magazine will serve well to update the reader about recent advancement in the field of IT.



In the recent years there has been a tremendous advancement in Artificial Intelligence (AI) technologies. In a short span of time AI has found applications in fields ranging from Education to Industries, from Multimedia to research. AI technologies have significantly influenced teaching learning process and it is important that both teachers as well as students are well versed with these developments. In this rapidly growing field of Information & Technology and Artificial Intelligence it is of utmost importance that we wisely use the tools for our personal growth.

In the end I wish that the reader has a great time reading the articles contributed by the students of our college.

From Student Editor's corner

I am delighted to introduce this part of our college magazine to all our readers. The field of Information Technology is constantly evolving and continues to shape the way we learn, communicate, and innovate in today's digital world.

This section highlights interesting insights, emerging trends, and the growing impact of technology in our everyday lives. Through articles on topics such as artificial intelligence, virtual reality, machine learning, and other modern technologies, we hope to spark curiosity and inspire readers to explore the fascinating world of IT.



It is truly a pleasure and an honor for me to have the opportunity to present this section. I hope you enjoy reading it as much as we enjoyed preparing it for you.

The Rise of Virtual Reality Headsets: A New Dimension of experience.

In recent years, Virtual Reality (VR) has moved from science fiction to everyday reality. What once seemed like a futuristic dream is now accessible to students, gamers, researchers, and creators around the world. With the development of advanced VR headsets such as the Meta Quest 3, Apple Vision Pro, and PlayStation VR2, immersive digital experiences are becoming more powerful and affordable than ever before.

What Is a Virtual Reality Headset?

A virtual reality headset is a wearable device that covers the eyes and often includes built-in audio. It creates a simulated 3D environment, allowing users to feel as though they are inside a different world. By tracking head movements and sometimes hand gestures, VR headsets provide an interactive experience that goes beyond traditional screens.

Unlike watching a movie or playing a game on a phone or laptop, VR places the user inside the content. Whether exploring outer space, walking through historical monuments, or attending a virtual classroom, the experience feels remarkably close to real.



Applications in Education

For college students, VR is more than just entertainment. It has powerful educational applications:

- **Virtual Laboratories:** Science students can conduct experiments in a safe and controlled digital environment.
- **Medical Training:** Medical students can practice surgical procedures through realistic simulations.
- **Architecture and Design:** Students can walk through 3D model soft heir projects before construction begins.
- **History and Geography:** Learners can explore ancient civilizations or visit global landmarks without leaving campus.

Institutions like Harvard University and Stanford University have already integrated VR into certain programs to enhance interactive learning.

Entertainment and Social Interaction

Gaming remains one of the most popular uses of VR. With realistic graphics and motion tracking, players can physically move within their game environment. Beyond gaming, VR platforms allow people to attend virtual concerts, meetings, and social gatherings. In an increasingly digital world, VR helps bridge physical distances.

Advantages of VR Headsets

- Immersive learning and training
- Enhanced creativity and visualization
- Safe simulation of risky tasks
- Increased engagement and motivation

Challenges and Limitations

Despite its benefits, VR technology also has challenges:

- High cost of advanced headsets
- Motion sickness or eye strain for some users
- Need for powerful hardware and internet connectivity
- Limited content in certain academic fields

However, as technology advances, these limitations are gradually being addressed.

The Future of Virtual Reality

The future of VR looks promising. As companies invest in research and development, headsets are becoming lighter, more comfortable, and more affordable. With the integration of artificial intelligence and improved graphics, VR may soon become a standard tool in classrooms and workplaces.

For college students today, virtual reality is not just a trend - it is a glimpse into the future of learning, communication, and creativity. As we step into this new digital dimension, VR headsets are opening doors to experiences we once only imagined. Virtual reality is no longer just about seeing a new world - it's about experiencing it.

Ujjwal

BCA 6th Sem.

Security Operations Centre (SOC)

A Security Operations Center (SOC) is a centralized unit that monitors, detects, analyzes, and responds to cyber security incidents. It is an important part of modern organizations because it helps protect computer systems, networks, and sensitive data from cyber threats.

The SOC team usually consists of cyber security professionals such as security analysts, engineers, and incident responders. They work together to monitor network traffic, investigate suspicious activities, and respond quickly to potential attacks. SOC teams often work 24/7 to ensure that systems remain secure at all times.

Security Operations Centers use different tools and technologies such as SIEM (Security Information and Event Management) systems, intrusion detection systems, and threat intelligence platforms. These tools help analysts identify unusual behavior and detect cyber attacks early.

The main functions of a SOC include continuous monitoring, threat detection, incident response, vulnerability management, and reporting. By identifying and stopping attacks quickly, a SOC helps minimize damage and keeps an organization's data safe.

In conclusion, a Security Operations Center plays a vital role in protecting organizations from cyber threats. With the increasing number of cyber attacks around the world, having a strong SOC is essential for maintaining cyber security.

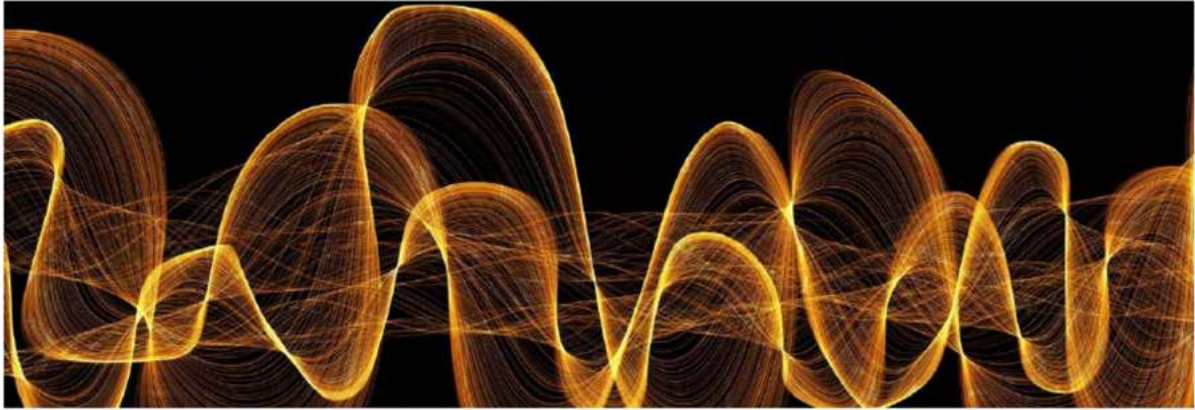


Sushant

BCA 6th Sem.

Quantum Computing: The Future of Technology

Quantum computing is a revolutionary field of computer science that leverages the principles of Quantum mechanics to solve complex problems much faster than classical computers. Unlike traditional computers, which use bits as the smallest unit of data (0s and 1s), quantum computers use qubits, which can exist in multiple states simultaneously due to a phenomenon called superposition.



Another key principle in quantum computing is entanglement, where qubits become inter-connected; meaning the state of one qubit directly affects the state of another, even if they are separated by large distances. This allows quantum computers to perform certain calculations at an unprecedented speed.

Why is Quantum Computing Important?

Quantum computers have the potential to revolutionize industries by solving problems that are practically impossible for classical computers. Fields like cryptography, drug discovery, climate modeling, and artificial intelligence could see massive advancements.

Challenges and Future of Quantum Computing

Despite its potential, quantum computing is still in its early stages. Building stable qubits and minimizing quantum errors remain significant challenges. However, tech giants like IBM, Google and startups worldwide are racing to make quantum computing a reality. In the near future, quantum computing might change how we encrypt data, optimize supply chains, and even model human brain activity—ushering in a new era of technological innovation.

Sumit Negi
BCA 6th Sem.

Cloud Computing

1. Overview of Cloud Technology

Cloud computing is a modern technology that allows users to store and manage data using the internet instead of physical storage devices.

2. Types of Cloud Services

- a) **Storage Services** – Used to store files, photos, and documents (Google Drive, Dropbox)
- b) **Software Services** – Online software access without installing (Google Docs, Microsoft 365)
- c) **Processing Services** – Used by companies for data processing and applications



3. Benefits of Cloud Computing

- a) **Anywhere Access :** Data can be accessed from any device
- b) **Automatic Backup :** Protects data from loss
- c) **Cost Saving:** No need for expensive hardware

4. Role of Cloud Storage in Daily Life

- a) **Data Storage:** Helps store large amount of data online safely.
- b) **Data Backup:** Keeps a copy of data so it is not lost if device is damaged.
- c) **Easy Data Access:** Users can access files anytime and from anywhere using internet.
- d) **Supports Online Learning:** Helps students attend online classes and store study material.
- e) **Business Support :** Companies store customer data and run software using cloud.

5. Security and Privacy Measures

- a) **Data Encryption:** Protects data from hackers
- b) **Password Protection:** Prevents unauthorized access
- c) **Secure Networks:** Keeps data transfer safe

6. Future Scope of Cloud Computing

- a) **Rapid Growth of Cloud Industry:** Cloud computing is expected to grow massively in the coming years. The global cloud market was around **\$900+ billion** in **2025** and

is expected to reach **trillions of dollars** by the **2030s**, showing very strong long-term demand.

- b) **Integration with Artificial Intelligence (AI):** Cloud platforms are becoming the main place where AI runs. Most companies now use AI tools on cloud systems because they provide high computing power and storage.
- c) **Expansion in Every Industry:** Cloud computing is now used in healthcare, banking, education, logistics, manufacturing, and research. This means job and business opportunities will keep increasing in many sectors.
- d) **Growth of Edge Computing:** Future cloud systems will work closely with edge computing (processing data near devices). This helps in fast data processing for smart cities, self-driving cars, and smart hospitals.

7. Scope for Students and Careers

- Cloud engineer
- Cloud security specialist
- DevOps engineer
- Cloud data analyst
- AI + Cloud specialist

8. Challenges and Limitations

a) Data Security and Privacy Risks

- Data stored in the cloud is managed by third-party providers, so security depends on both provider and user practices.
- Data breaches, cyber-attacks, or misconfigured security settings can expose sensitive data.

b) Dependence on Internet Connection

- Cloud services need stable internet access.
- Slow or unstable internet can stop access to files, apps, or services.

c) Cost Can Increase Over Time

- Cloud is cheap at first but costs can grow with usage.
- Extra costs include storage, data transfer, and unused resources.
- Poor management can make cloud bills higher than expected.

d) Skill and Management Complexity

- Cloud systems need skilled professionals to manage security and cost.
- Lack of skills can lead to mistakes and security risks

9. Final Thoughts

Cloud computing is shaping the future of technology. Learning about cloud storage is important for students and future IT professionals.

Aarti Basnet
BCA 4th Sem
Roll No. 2404001

Role of Information Technology in Education

Introduction

Information Technology (IT) has completely changed the way education is delivered and received. Traditional classrooms are now supported by digital tools that make learning more effective and interesting.

Access to Knowledge and Resources

With the help of IT students can easily access a wide range of information through the internet, e-books, online notes, educational websites and video lectures help students learn beyond textbooks.



Online Learning and Virtual Education

IT has introduced online learning platforms that allow students to attend classes from anywhere. Virtual classrooms, online exams, and digital assignments save time and provide flexibility.

Better Teaching and Learning Experience

Teachers can use smart boards, presentations, videos, and animations to explain topics clearly these modern teaching methods make lessons more interesting and improve student engagement.

Conclusion

Information technology plays a vital role in modern education it enhances learning, improves teaching methods, and prepares student for a technology driven future.

Kanika Sahni

BCA 4th Sem.

Cyber Security and its Importance

Introduction:

Cyber security refers to the protection of computer systems, networks, and digital data from cyber attacks, unauthorized access, and damage.

Meaning of Cyber Security:

Cyber security involves using technologies, processes, and practices to protect information from cyber threats. These threats may include hacking, phishing, malware, ransom ware, identity theft, and data breaches. The main aim of cyber security is to ensure safe and secure use of digital resources.

Importance of Cyber Security:

1. Protection of Personal Data: Cyber security helps protect personal information such as passwords, bank details, identity documents, and private files from cyber criminals.

2. Prevention of Cyber Crimes: It reduces the risk of cyber crimes like online fraud, hacking, phishing attacks.

3. Secure Online Transactions: Cyber security ensures safe digital payments, online banking, and e-commerce transactions.

4. Protection of Networks and Devices: It safeguards computers, mobile phones, server and networks from viruses and unauthorized access.

5. National and Global Security: Government systems, defense networks, and critical infrastructure depend on strong cyber security for national safety.

Key Aspects of Cyber Security:

1. Firewall: Firewalls act as a protective barrier between internal networks and the internet, blocking unauthorized access.

2. Antivirus and Anti-malware Software: These tools detect and remove harmful programs from systems.

3. Strong Passwords: Using complex and unique passwords increases account security.



4. Two-Factor Authentication (2FA): Adds an extra security layer by requiring OTP or biometric verification.

5. Regular Software Updates: Updates fix security weaknesses and protect systems from new threats.

6. Data Backup: Regular backups help recover data in case of cyber attacks or system failure.

Conclusion:

Cyber security is a vital requirement in today's digital world. As cyber threats continue to increase, adopting strong security measures and spreading awareness is essential. By following proper cyber security practices, individuals and organizations can protect their digital assets and ensure a safer cyber space for the future.

Manish

BCA 2nd Sem.

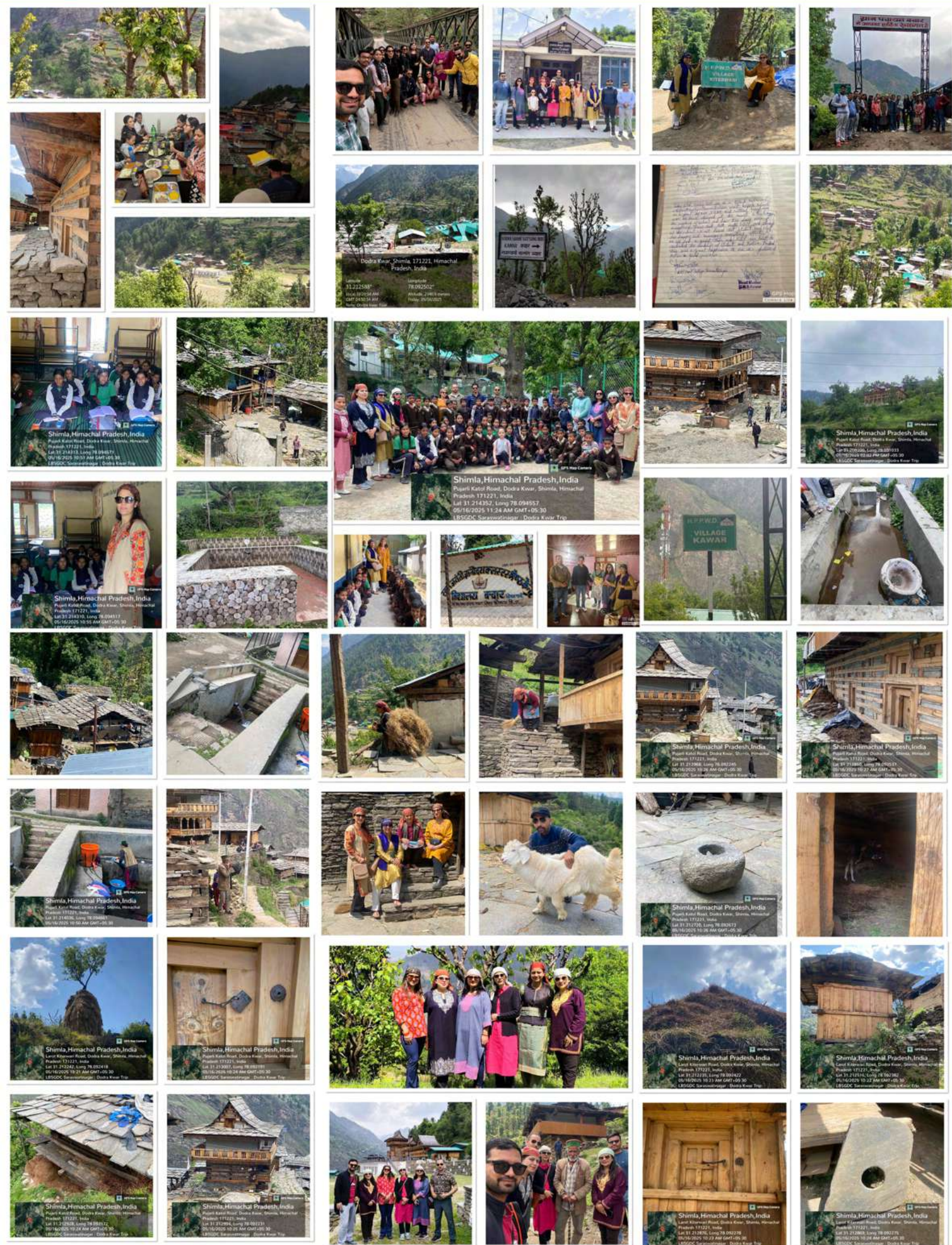


***“A Visual Journey Through Our
Institutional Events”***

**Lal Bahadur Shastri Government College
Saraswati Nagar (Shimla)**

Activity Board Adorned by different departments





21.06.2025

International Yoga Day Celebration



8 & 12 July, 2025

A New Beginning & A Fond Farewell



14.07.2025

Principal's Address for first-year students



01.08.2025

Art & Craft Workshop organized by women cell



12.08.2025

Counselling Session by Anti- Ragging Committee



15.08.2025

Independence Day Celebrations



18.08.2025

Tree Plantation Drive



22.08.2025

Annual meeting of PTA



23.08.2025

Freshers' Party



10.09.2025

Innovation Club Activity



14.09.2025

Hindi Diwas



16.09.2025

World Ozone Day



24.09.2025

NSS Day Celebration



26.09. 2025

English Literary Society Function





04.10.2025

CSCA Oath Ceremony



11.10.2025

Disaster management demonstration conducted by the 14th Battalion, NDRF





8-9.11.2025

Hosted HPU Inter College Table Tennis Championship



18.11.2025

Anti Drug Awareness Program



27.11.2025

Visit of Primary School students under the School Adoption Program



28-29.11.2025

Awareness Session on HIV/AIDS



25.11.2025

NSS Camp at Nageshwar Temple Jharag



26.11.2025

Constitution Day



1.12.2025

World AIDS Day



3.12.2025

Workshop by Women Cell



18-20.DEC.2025

NSS- 3 Days Camp



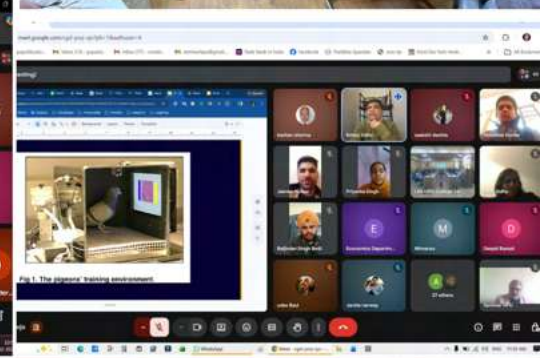
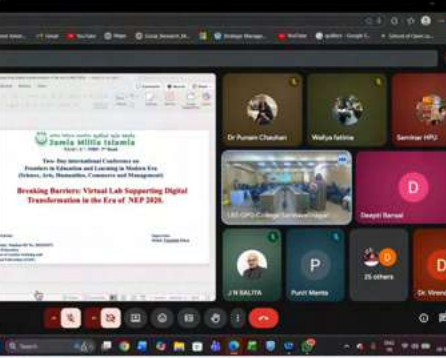
28.02.2026

Career Counselling Workshop



27-28.02.2026

International Conference



28.02.2025

National Science Day



10.03.2026

Annual Function



12.03.2026

Annual Athletic Meet



11.03.2026

NCC Farewell Party



Student Centric Activities





Collaborative Initiatives : MoU Signing Highlights



Legacy of Excellence :Our Retiring Faculty





B.Voc. Departmental Showcase



Glimpses of some Cherished Moments





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